

PROPOSED CONFERENCE REPORT NO. 1
SEPTEMBER 9, 2003

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 14, 2003

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 3, 2003

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 12, 2003

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 29, 2003

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 3, 2003

SENATE BILL

No. 228

Introduced by Senator Alarcon
(Coauthor: Senator Murray)
(Coauthor: Senator Burton)

February 13, 2003

~~An act relating to workers' compensation.~~ *An act to amend Section 12813 of the Government Code, and to amend Sections 29, 110, 122, 124, 127.6, 138.1, 139.2, 139.3, 139.31, 139.4, 139.45, 4061, 4062.5, 4062.9, 4068, 4603.2, 4603.4, 4628, 5307.3, 5703, and 6401.7 of, to add Sections 77.5, 3823, 4062.01, 4604.5, 4610, 4903.05, and 5307.27 to, to repeal Sections 139, 139.1, and 5307.21 of, to repeal and add Sections 3201.7, 4600.1, 5307.1, 5307.2, and 5318 of, and to repeal, add, and repeal Section 4062 of, the Labor Code, relating to workers' compensation.*

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 228, as amended, Alarcon. Workers' compensation.

(1) Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of his or her employment.

Existing law regulates rates of workers' compensation insurers. Existing law requires rates to be adequate to cover an insurer's losses and expenses, and prohibits rates that are unfairly discriminatory.

This bill would provide that during the period from January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2004, inclusive, every workers' compensation insurer shall use rates that are no higher than the rates that were in effect for that insurer on July 1, 2003. It would, however, permit those insurers to seek a rate adjustment if the rate would be in violation of the rating law, and would provide for hearings by the Insurance Commissioner.

(1.5) Existing law establishes, in the Department of Industrial Relations, the Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation, to conduct a continuing examination of the workers' compensation system and of the state's activities to prevent industrial injuries and occupational diseases.

This bill would require the commission, on or before July 1, 2004, to conduct a survey and evaluation of nationally recognized standards of care, including existing medical treatment utilization standards, including independent medical review, as used in other states, at the national level, and in other medical benefit systems, and to issue a report of its findings and recommendations to the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, on or before October 1, 2004, for purposes of the adoption of a medical treatment utilization schedule.

(2) Existing law establishes the Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund as a special account in the State Treasury and moneys in the fund may be expended by the Department of Industrial Relations, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the administration of the workers' compensation program. Existing law requires that 80% of the costs of the program be borne by the General Fund and 20% of the costs of the program be borne by the employers through assessments levied by the Director of Industrial Relations.

This bill would instead require that employer assessments account for the total costs of the program. It would also specify that it is the intent of the Legislature that a sufficient portion of the fund be allocated to certain priority initiatives.



(3) Existing law provides that the court administrator shall hold office at the pleasure of the administrative director.

This bill, instead, would provide that the court administrator hold office for a term of 5 years.

(3.5) Existing law establishes the Industrial Medical Council, consisting of various types of medical practitioners, and requires the council to perform various functions and duties in connection with the provision of medical services under the workers' compensation program.

This bill would eliminate the council and would transfer many of its functions and duties to the administrative director. It would also transfer all assets and liabilities of the council, as well as funds appropriated for the support of the council in the annual Budget Act, to the Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund, and would make conforming changes.

(4) Existing law provides that it is unlawful for a physician to refer a person for specified medical goods or services whether for treatment or medical-legal purposes if the physician or his or her immediate family has a financial interest with the person or in the entity that receives the referral, except in prescribed circumstances. A violation of this provision is a misdemeanor.

This bill would add outpatient surgery, as defined, to the list of medical goods or services for which it is unlawful for a physician to refer a person under this provision. By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(4.5) Existing law makes it a crime for any person to make false or fraudulent statements, or take certain other actions, with respect to any claim under the workers' compensation system.

This bill would require the administrative director, in coordination with specified entities, to adopt specified protocols, if applicable, concerning medical billing and provider fraud. It would require certain parties to report claims believed to be fraudulent to the administrative director in accordance with these procedures.

(5) Existing law authorizes collective bargaining agreements between a private employer or groups of employers engaged the aerospace and timber industries and a recognized or certified exclusive bargaining representative that establishes a dispute resolution process for workers' compensation instead of the hearing before the Workers' Compensation Appeals Board and its workers' compensation



administrative law judges, or that provides for specified other alternative workers' compensation programs.

This bill would delete this authorization for employers engaged in the aerospace and timber industries, and instead would authorize labor-management agreements meeting prescribed criteria for any employer or groups of employers that meet certain requirements. By requiring certain information in connection with these provisions to be submitted by an employer or collective bargaining representative under penalty of perjury, this bill would expand the definition of the crime of perjury, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.

(5.5) Existing law requires a pharmacy that provides medicines and medical supplies that are required to cure or relieve effects of an injury covered by workers' compensation to provide the generic drug equivalent, if available, unless the prescribing physician provides otherwise in writing.

This bill would instead provide that this requirement applies to any person or entity that dispenses medicines and medical supplies to a worker to cure or relieve the effects of an injury covered by workers' compensation, but would provide that compliance with this provision is not required under specified circumstances.

(6) Existing law requires an employer to provide payment to a physician who has provided medical treatment to an injured employee as part of his or her workers' compensation benefits within 60 days after the employer receives a billing statement and other documentation, except as prescribed.

This bill would reduce this period to 45 days.

Existing law provides that any properly documented amount not paid by the employer within this 60-day period shall be increased by 10% plus interest, unless the employer takes prescribed actions.

This bill would increase the amount of this penalty from 10% to 15%, and would establish filing fees for liens filed by providers in connection with the collection of unpaid amounts.

(6.5) Existing law establishes a vocational rehabilitation services program for qualified injured workers for purposes of developing vocational rehabilitation plans that would retrain the injured worker for future employment. Existing law also requires the administrative director to establish a vocational rehabilitation unit to perform various functions and duties with respect to the vocational rehabilitation services program.

This bill would repeal these provisions.



(7) Existing law requires the administrative director to adopt rules and regulations to, among other things, require acceptance by employers of electronic claims for payment of medical services.

This bill would require that these rules and regulations relating to electronic claims for payment of medical services be adopted on or before January 1, 2005, and would also require that these rules and regulations require all employers to accept these electronic claims for payment on or before July 1, 2006.

The bill would also require that payment for medical treatment provided or authorized by the treating physician selected by the employee or designated by the employer shall be made by the employer within 15 working days after electronic receipt of an itemized electronic billing for services at or below the maximum fees provided in the official medical fee schedule.

(8) Existing law establishes procedures with respect to disputes between employers and employees regarding the compensability of the injury and the extent and scope of medical treatment for that injury. Existing law creates a presumption in certain circumstances that the treating physician of an employee, who has been predesignated by the employee, is correct.

This bill, until January 1, 2007, would establish procedures to be followed when there are disputes regarding an employee's spinal surgery, and would revise the above presumption for treating physicians, as specified. It would also require the Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation to conduct a study of the spinal surgery second opinion procedure by June 30, 2006, and to issue a report on its findings.

This bill would provide, with specified exceptions, that if an injury causes permanent partial disability and the injured employee does not return to work for the employer within 60 days of the termination of temporary disability indemnity payments, the injured employee shall receive a supplemental job displacement benefit, as specified. The bill would specify that these provisions shall apply to injuries occurring on and after January 1, 2004.

(9) Existing law requires the administrative director to adopt an official medical fee schedule, which shall establish reasonable maximum fees paid for medical services provided under the workers' compensation laws. Existing law requires the administrative director to adopt by July 1, 2003, and revise no less frequently than biennially, an official pharmaceutical fee schedule. Existing law additionally



provides that the administrative director has the sole authority to develop an outpatient surgery facility fee schedule for services not performed under contract.

This bill would, instead, require the administrative director to adopt and revise periodically a medical fee schedule for various services, drugs, fees, and goods, as specified. This bill would require that, within the limits established by the bill, the rates or fees established by the medical fee schedule be adequate to ensure a reasonable standard of services and care for injured employees, and would make conforming changes.

This bill would require the Commission on Health and Safety Workers' Compensation to contract with an independent consulting firm, to the extent permitted by state law, to perform an annual study of access to medical treatment for injured workers, and would authorize the commission to recommend to the administrative director appropriate adjustments to the official medical fee schedule.

This bill would also require the administrative director, on or before December 1, 2004, to adopt, after public hearings, an official utilization schedule, as specified.

The bill would provide that this schedule would create a rebuttable presumption that the schedule is correct on the issue of extent and scope of medical treatment of a worker's injuries. It would also provide that on and after July 1, 2004, and continuing until the effective date of a medical treatment utilization schedule, specified guidelines shall be presumptively correct on the issue of extent and scope of medical treatment of a worker's injuries. The bill, notwithstanding the medical treatment utilization schedule and specified guidelines, would limit the number of chiropractic and physical therapy visits by an employee per industrial injury, as specified.

This bill would also require every employer to establish a utilization review process, either directly or through its insurer or entity with which an employer or insurer contracts for these services, in accordance with specified criteria, and would authorize the administrative director to assess administrative penalties for failure to meet certain requirements.

Existing law authorizes the appeals board to receive specified types of information in addition to sworn testimony presented in open hearings.

This bill would include relevant portions of medical treatment protocols published by medical specialty societies among the information authorized to be received by the appeals board.



(10) Existing law requires the appeals board, when the payment of compensation has been unreasonably delayed or refused under specified circumstances, to award reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in enforcing the payment of the workers' compensation award.

Existing law establishes the California Insurance Guarantee Association for purposes of providing insolvency insurance for its member insurers.

This bill would prohibit any award for workers' compensation benefits or attorneys' fees from being made against the California Insurance Guarantee Association for unreasonable delay or refusal of compensation by an insolvent insurer.

(11) Existing law requires every employer to establish, implement, and maintain an effective injury prevention program. Existing law also authorizes an employer to adopt the Model Injury and Illness Prevention Program for Non-High-Hazard Employment and the Model Injury and Illness Prevention Program for Employers in Industries with Intermittent Employment, developed by the Division of Occupational Safety and Health.

This bill would require every workers' compensation insurer to conduct a review of these injury and illness prevention programs of each of its insureds within 4 months of the commencement of the initial insurance policy term.

(12) This bill would declare that its provisions are severable.

(13) This bill would declare that its provisions would become operative only if AB 227 of the 2003–04 Regular Session is enacted and becomes operative.

(14) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

~~Existing law provides that an injury of an employee arising out of and in the course of employment is generally compensable through the workers' compensation system.~~

~~This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to improve the workers' compensation system by promoting the efficient delivery of high quality appropriate medical care.~~

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: ~~no~~ yes. State-mandated local program: ~~no~~ yes.



The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

~~SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to improve the workers' compensation system by promoting the efficient delivery of high-quality appropriate medical care.~~

SECTION 1. Section 12813 of the Government Code is amended to read:

12813. The Labor and Workforce Development Agency consists of the following:

(a) Office of the Secretary of Labor and Workforce Development.

(b) Agricultural Labor Relations Board.

(c) California Workforce Investment Board.

(d) Department of Industrial Relations, including the California Apprenticeship Council, California Occupational Safety and Health Appeals Board, California Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board, Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation, ~~Industrial Medical Council~~, Industrial Welfare Commission, State Compensation Insurance Fund, and Workers' Compensation Appeals Board.

(e) Employment Development Department, including the California Unemployment Insurance Appeals Board, and the Employment Training Panel.

SEC. 2. Section 29 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

29. "Medical director" means the physician appointed by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ administrative director pursuant to Section 122.

SEC. 3. Section 77.5 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

77.5. (a) On or before July 1, 2004, the commission shall conduct a survey and evaluation of evidence-based, peer-reviewed, nationally recognized standards of care, including existing medical treatment utilization standards, including independent medical review, as used in other states, at the national level, and in other medical benefit systems. The survey shall be updated periodically.

(b) On or before October 1, 2004, the commission shall issue a report of its findings and recommendations to the administrative director for purposes of the adoption of a medical treatment utilization schedule.

SEC. 4. Section 110 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

1 110. As used in this chapter:

2 (a) “Appeals board” means the Workers’ Compensation
3 Appeals Board. The title of a member of the board is
4 “commissioner.”

5 (b) “Administrative director” means the Administrative
6 Director of the Division of Workers’ Compensation.

7 (c) “Division” means the Division of Workers’ Compensation.

8 (d) “Medical director” means the physician appointed by the
9 ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ administrative director pursuant to
10 Section 122.

11 (e) “Qualified medical evaluator” means physicians
12 appointed by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ administrative
13 director pursuant to Section 139.2.

14 (f) “Court administrator” means the administrator of the
15 workers’ compensation adjudicatory process at the trial level.

16 *SEC. 5. Section 122 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

17 122. The ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ administrative director
18 shall appoint a medical director who shall possess a physician’s
19 and surgeon’s certificate granted under Chapter 5 (commencing
20 with Section 2000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions
21 Code. The medical director shall employ medical assistants who
22 shall also possess physicians’ and surgeons’ certificates and other
23 staff necessary to the performance of his or her duties ~~and the~~
24 ~~duties of the council~~. The salaries for the medical director and his
25 or her assistants shall be fixed by the Department of Personnel
26 Administration, commensurate with the salaries paid by private
27 industry to medical directors and assistant medical directors.

28 *SEC. 6. Section 124 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

29 124. (a) In administering and enforcing this division and
30 Division 4 (commencing with Section 3200), the division shall
31 protect the interests of injured workers who are entitled to the
32 timely provision of compensation.

33 (b) ~~The administrative director, in consultation with the court~~
34 ~~administrator, shall advise the Industrial Medical Council on a~~
35 ~~form adopted by the council whether individual qualified medical~~
36 ~~evaluators have prepared formal medical evaluations that can be~~
37 ~~satisfactorily rated by the office.~~

38 (e) ~~Forms and notices required to be given to employees by the~~
39 ~~division shall be in English and Spanish.~~

40 *SEC. 7. Section 127.6 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*



1 127.6. (a) The administrative director shall, in consultation
2 with the Commission on Health and Safety and Workers'
3 Compensation, ~~the Industrial Medical Council~~, other state
4 agencies, and researchers and research institutions with expertise
5 in health care delivery and occupational health care service,
6 conduct a study of medical treatment provided to workers who
7 have sustained industrial injuries and illnesses. The study shall
8 focus on, but not be limited to, all of the following:

9 (1) Factors contributing to the rising costs and utilization of
10 medical treatment and case management in the workers'
11 compensation system.

12 (2) An evaluation of case management procedures that
13 contribute to or achieve early and sustained return to work within
14 the employee's temporary and permanent work restrictions.

15 (3) Performance measures for medical services that reflect
16 patient outcomes.

17 (4) Physician utilization, quality of care, and outcome
18 measurement data.

19 (5) Patient satisfaction.

20 (b) The administrative director shall begin the study on or
21 before July 1, 2003, and shall report and make recommendations
22 to the Legislature based on the results of the study on or before July
23 1, 2004.

24 (c) In implementing this section, the administrative director
25 shall ensure the confidentiality and protection of patient-specific
26 data.

27 *SEC. 7.5. Section 138.1 of the Labor Code is amended to*
28 *read:*

29 138.1. (a) The administrative director shall be appointed by
30 the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and shall
31 hold office at the pleasure of the Governor. He or she shall receive
32 the salary provided for by Chapter 6 (commencing with Section
33 11550) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

34 (b) The court administrator shall be appointed by the Governor
35 with the advice and consent of the Senate. The court administrator
36 shall hold office ~~at the pleasure of the administrative director for~~
37 *a term of five years*. The court administrator shall receive the salary
38 provided for by Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 11550) of
39 Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

40 *SEC. 8. Section 139 of the Labor Code is repealed.*



1 ~~139. (a) The Industrial Medical Council shall consist of 11~~
2 ~~doctors of medicine, at least one of whom shall be a psychiatrist~~
3 ~~and at least one of whom shall specialize in occupational medicine;~~
4 ~~two doctors of osteopathic medicine, two doctors of chiropractic,~~
5 ~~one physical therapist, one doctor of psychology, one doctor of~~
6 ~~podiatric medicine, and one acupuncturist, all of whom shall be~~
7 ~~licensed to practice in this state, and one medical economist. The~~
8 ~~administrative director shall be an ex officio, nonvoting member~~
9 ~~of the council, and the medical director appointed pursuant to~~
10 ~~Section 122 shall serve as executive secretary of the council.~~

11 ~~(b) The Governor shall appoint six doctors of medicine, two~~
12 ~~doctors of osteopathic medicine, one doctor of chiropractic, and~~
13 ~~one medical economist to the council. The Senate Committee on~~
14 ~~Rules shall appoint three doctors of medicine, one of whom shall~~
15 ~~be a psychiatrist, one doctor of chiropractic, and the acupuncturist.~~
16 ~~The Speaker of the Assembly shall appoint two doctors of~~
17 ~~medicine, one of whom shall be an occupational medicine~~
18 ~~specialist, the physical therapist, the doctor of psychology, and the~~
19 ~~doctor of podiatric medicine.~~

20 ~~The term of office of members of the council shall be four years,~~
21 ~~and a member shall hold office until the appointment of a~~
22 ~~successor. However, the initial terms of three of the doctors of~~
23 ~~medicine appointed by the Governor shall expire, respectively, on~~
24 ~~December 31, 1991, December 31, 1992, and December 31, 1993,~~
25 ~~and the initial terms of the doctors of medicine appointed by the~~
26 ~~Speaker of the Assembly shall expire, respectively, on December~~
27 ~~31, 1991, December 31, 1992, and December 31, 1993. The initial~~
28 ~~term of one doctor of osteopathic medicine and the doctor of~~
29 ~~psychology shall both expire on December 31, 1991. Any vacancy~~
30 ~~shall be filled by the original appointing authority for the~~
31 ~~unexpired term.~~

32 ~~(c) The 11 doctors of medicine and the doctors of osteopathic~~
33 ~~medicine of the council shall represent medical specialties~~
34 ~~concerned with the treatment of industrial injury and disease. The~~
35 ~~doctors of medicine shall be appointed after consultation with the~~
36 ~~statewide and local associations of the medical profession. The~~
37 ~~doctors of osteopathic medicine, psychology, and podiatric~~
38 ~~medicine shall be appointed after consultation with the statewide~~
39 ~~associations of the osteopathic medical profession, psychologists,~~
40 ~~and podiatric medicine. The doctors of chiropractic shall be~~

1 appointed after consultation with statewide and local associations
2 of the chiropractic profession.

3 (d) Any physician of a type which must be represented pursuant
4 to subdivision (a) may be considered for appointment to the
5 council if the following qualifications are met:

6 (1) A physician and surgeon shall be board certified in his or
7 her specialty or, if a doctor of chiropractic, shall be certified in a
8 chiropractic specialty recognized and approved by the California
9 Chiropractic Association, the International Chiropractors
10 Association of California, or the American Chiropractic
11 Association, or if a psychologist, shall be board certified in clinical
12 psychology, or hold a doctoral degree in psychology from an
13 accredited university or professional school and have not less than
14 five years' postdoctoral experience in the diagnosis and treatment
15 of emotional and mental disorders.

16 (2) The physician and podiatrist shall be experienced in
17 treating and evaluating industrial injuries and shall maintain an
18 active practice, of which at least one-third of the total practice time
19 is devoted to direct patient treatment.

20 (e) Members of the council shall, within the scope of each
21 member's professional training, do all of the following:

22 (1) Maintain liaisons with the medical, osteopathic,
23 chiropractic, psychological, and podiatric professions.

24 (2) Counsel and assist the administrative director and perform
25 other duties as the administrative director may request.

26 (3) Assist in recruiting physicians for the medical bureau of the
27 division.

28 (4) Assist in developing guidelines for the determination of
29 disputed questions of clinical fact, including guidelines for the
30 range of time normally required to perform a comprehensive
31 medical-legal evaluation, as well as the content of those
32 procedures. The guidelines shall include the range of time
33 normally required for direct patient contact between the physician
34 and the patient in each such procedure.

35 (5) Suggest standards for improving care furnished to injured
36 employees.

37 (6) Undertake continuing studies of developments in the field
38 of rehabilitation, and continuously inform treating physicians of
39 these developments.

~~(7) Recommend reasonable levels of fees for physicians performing services under Division 4 (commencing with Section 3200).~~

~~(8) In coordination with the administrative director, monitor and measure changes in the cost and frequency of the most common medical services, and adopt guidelines for the treatment of common industrial injuries on or before July 1, 1994. The guidelines shall reflect practices as generally accepted by the health care community, and shall apply the current standards of care, including, but not limited to, appropriate and inappropriate diagnostic techniques, treatment modalities, adjustive modalities, length of treatment, and appropriate specialty referrals. On or before July 1, 1994, the administrative director shall adopt model utilization protocols in order to provide utilization review standards. All insurers shall comply with this protocol by July 1, 1995.~~

~~(9) In consultation with the administrative director, promulgate a form which may be used by treating physicians to report on medical issues necessary to determine an employee's compensation.~~

~~(f) The council shall appoint an advisory committee on psychiatric injuries with both psychologists and psychiatrists as members and shall consider the advisory committee's recommendations concerning psychiatric injuries. The council may appoint advisory committees for other specialties as may be necessary to the performance of its duties.~~

~~(g) No action of the council shall be taken unless concurred in by not less than nine members present and voting at a meeting.~~

~~(h) Members of the council shall receive actual, necessary traveling expenses and a per diem allowance of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day spent in meetings of the council.~~

SEC. 9. Section 139.1 of the Labor Code is repealed.

~~139.1. (a) The Industrial Medical Council shall advise the medical director as to the selection and removal of independent medical and chiropractic examiners. The administrative director shall appoint independent medical and chiropractic examiners in each of the respective specialties as may be required.~~

~~(b) Assignment of cases to independent examiners shall be made by the medical director at the request of the administrative director, the secretary of the appeals board, or a workers'~~

1 compensation judge upon the agreement of a party to pay the cost,
2 and with the consent of the injured employee and his or her
3 representative, if any. Insofar as possible, a rotation method shall
4 be followed in assignment of independent examiners.

5 ~~(e) Independent examiners shall conduct examinations and~~
6 ~~report their findings and opinions in accordance with guidelines~~
7 ~~developed for that purpose by the medical director.~~

8 ~~(d) This section shall apply only to injuries occurring before~~
9 ~~January 1, 1991.~~

10 *SEC. 10. Section 139.2 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

11 139.2. (a) The ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative*
12 *director* shall appoint qualified medical evaluators in each of the
13 respective specialties as required for the evaluation of
14 medical-legal issues. The appointments shall be for two-year
15 terms.

16 (b) The ~~council~~ *administrative director* shall appoint or
17 reappoint as a qualified medical evaluator a physician, as defined
18 in Section 3209.3, who is licensed to practice in this state and who
19 demonstrates that he or she meets the requirements in paragraphs
20 (1), (2), (6), and (7), and, if the physician is a medical doctor,
21 doctor of osteopathy, doctor of chiropractic, or a psychologist, that
22 he or she also meets the applicable requirements in paragraph (3),
23 (4), or (5).

24 (1) Prior to his or her appointment as a qualified medical
25 evaluator, passes an examination written and administered by the
26 ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative director* for the purpose
27 of demonstrating competence in evaluating medical-legal issues in
28 the workers' compensation system. Physicians shall not be
29 required to pass an additional examination as a condition of
30 reappointment. A physician seeking appointment as a qualified
31 medical evaluator on or after January 1, 2001, shall also complete
32 prior to appointment, a course on disability evaluation report
33 writing approved by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~
34 *administrative director*. The ~~Industrial Medical Council~~
35 *administrative director* shall specify the curriculum to be covered
36 by disability evaluation report writing courses, which shall
37 include, but is not limited to, 12 or more hours of instruction.

38 (2) Devotes at least one-third of total practice time to providing
39 direct medical treatment, or has served as an agreed medical

1 evaluator on eight or more occasions in the 12 months prior to
2 applying to be appointed as a qualified medical evaluator.

3 (3) Is a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy and meets one
4 of the following requirements:

5 (A) Is board certified in a specialty by a board recognized by
6 the ~~council~~ *administrative director* and either the Medical Board
7 of California or the Osteopathic Medical Board of California.

8 (B) Has successfully completed a residency training program
9 accredited by the American College of Graduate Medical
10 Education or the osteopathic equivalent.

11 (C) Was an active qualified medical evaluator on June 30,
12 2000.

13 (D) Has qualifications that the ~~council~~ *administrative director*
14 and either the Medical Board of California or the Osteopathic
15 Medical Board of California, as appropriate, both deem to be
16 equivalent to board certification in a specialty.

17 (4) Is a doctor of chiropractic and meets either of the following
18 requirements:

19 (A) Has completed a chiropractic postgraduate specialty
20 program of a minimum of 300 hours taught by a school or college
21 recognized by the ~~council~~ *administrative director*, the Board of
22 Chiropractic Examiners and the Council on Chiropractic
23 Education.

24 (B) Has been certified in California workers' compensation
25 evaluation by a provider recognized by the ~~council~~ *administrative*
26 *director*. The certification program shall include instruction on
27 disability evaluation report writing that meets the standards set
28 forth in paragraph (1).

29 (5) Is a psychologist and meets one of the following
30 requirements:

31 (A) Is board certified in clinical psychology by a board
32 recognized by the ~~council~~ *administrative director*.

33 (B) Holds a doctoral degree in psychology, or a doctoral degree
34 deemed equivalent for licensure by the Board of Psychology
35 pursuant to Section 2914 of the Business and Professions Code,
36 from a university or professional school recognized by the ~~council~~
37 *administrative director* and has not less than five years'
38 postdoctoral experience in the diagnosis and treatment of
39 emotional and mental disorders.



1 (C) Has not less than five years' postdoctoral experience in the
2 diagnosis and treatment of emotional and mental disorders, and
3 has served as an agreed medical evaluator on eight or more
4 occasions prior to January 1, 1990.

5 (6) Does not have a conflict of interest as determined under the
6 regulations adopted by the administrative director pursuant to
7 subdivision (o).

8 (7) Meets any additional medical or professional standards
9 adopted pursuant to paragraph (6) of subdivision (j).

10 (c) The ~~council~~ *administrative director* shall adopt standards
11 for appointment of physicians who are retired or who hold
12 teaching positions who are exceptionally well qualified to serve as
13 a qualified medical evaluator even though they do not otherwise
14 qualify under paragraph (2) of subdivision (b). In no event shall
15 a physician whose full-time practice is limited to the forensic
16 evaluation of disability be appointed as a qualified medical
17 evaluator under this subdivision.

18 (d) The qualified medical evaluator, upon request, shall be
19 reappointed if he or she meets the qualifications of subdivision (b)
20 and meets all of the following criteria:

21 (1) Is in compliance with all applicable regulations and
22 evaluation guidelines adopted by the ~~council~~ *administrative*
23 *director*.

24 (2) Has not had more than five of his or her evaluations that
25 were considered by a workers' compensation *administrative law*
26 judge at a contested hearing rejected by the *workers' compensation*
27 *administrative law* judge or the appeals board pursuant to this
28 section during the most recent two-year period during which the
29 physician served as a qualified medical evaluator. If the *workers'*
30 *compensation administrative law* judge or the appeals board
31 rejects the qualified medical evaluator's report on the basis that it
32 fails to meet the minimum standards for those reports established
33 by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative director* or the
34 appeals board, the *workers' compensation administrative law*
35 judge or the appeals board, as the case may be, shall make a
36 specific finding to that effect, and shall give notice to the medical
37 evaluator and to the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative*
38 *director*. Any rejection shall not be counted as one of the five
39 qualifying rejections until the specific finding has become final
40 and time for appeal has expired.



1 (3) Has completed within the previous 24 months at least 12
2 hours of continuing education in impairment evaluation or
3 workers' compensation-related medical dispute evaluation
4 approved by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative*
5 *director*.

6 (4) Has not been terminated, suspended, placed on probation,
7 or otherwise disciplined by the ~~council~~ *administrative director*
8 during his or her most recent term as a qualified medical evaluator.

9 If the evaluator does not meet any one of these criteria, the
10 ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative director* may in ~~its~~ *his*
11 *or her* discretion reappoint or deny reappointment according to
12 regulations adopted by the ~~council~~ *administrative director*. In no
13 event may a physician who does not currently meet the
14 requirements for initial appointment or who has been terminated
15 under subdivision (e) because his or her license has been revoked
16 or terminated by the licensing authority be reappointed.

17 (e) The ~~council~~ *administrative director* may, in ~~its~~ *his or her*
18 discretion, suspend or terminate a qualified medical evaluator
19 during his or her term of appointment without a hearing as
20 provided under subdivision (k) or (l) whenever either of the
21 following conditions occurs:

22 (1) The evaluator's license to practice in California has been
23 suspended by the relevant licensing authority so as to preclude
24 practice, or has been revoked or terminated by the licensing
25 authority.

26 (2) The evaluator has failed to timely pay the fee required by
27 the ~~council~~ *administrative director* pursuant to subdivision (n).

28 (f) The ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative director*
29 shall furnish a physician, upon request, with a written statement of
30 its reasons for termination of, or for denying appointment or
31 reappointment as, a qualified medical evaluator. Upon receipt of
32 a specific response to the statement of reasons, the ~~Industrial~~
33 ~~Medical Council~~ *administrative director* shall review ~~its~~ *his or her*
34 decision not to appoint or reappoint the physician or to terminate
35 the physician and shall notify the physician of its final decision
36 within 60 days after receipt of the physician's response.

37 (g) The ~~council~~ *administrative director* shall establish
38 agreements with qualified medical evaluators to assure the
39 expeditious evaluation of cases assigned to them for
40 comprehensive medical evaluations.

(h) (1) When the injured worker is not represented by an attorney, the medical director appointed pursuant to Section 122, shall assign three-member panels of qualified medical evaluators within five working days after receiving a request for a panel. If a panel is not assigned within 15 working days, the employee shall have the right to obtain a medical evaluation from any qualified medical evaluator of his or her choice. The medical director shall use a random selection method for assigning panels of qualified medical evaluators. The medical director shall select evaluators who are specialists of the type selected by the employee. The medical director shall advise the employee that he or she should consult with his or her treating physician prior to deciding which type of specialist to request.

(2) The ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative director* shall promulgate a form that shall notify the employee of the physicians selected for his or her panel. The form shall include, for each physician on the panel, the physician's name, address, telephone number, specialty, number of years in practice, and a brief description of his or her education and training, and shall advise the employee that he or she is entitled to receive transportation expenses and temporary disability for each day necessary for the examination. The form shall also state in a clear and conspicuous location and type: "You have the right to consult with an information and assistance officer at no cost to you prior to selecting the doctor to prepare your evaluation, or you may consult with an attorney. If your claim eventually goes to court, the *workers' compensation administrative law* judge will consider the evaluation prepared by the doctor you select to decide your claim."

(3) When compiling the list of evaluators from which to select randomly, the medical director shall include all qualified medical evaluators who meet all of the following criteria:

(A) He or she does not have a conflict of interest in the case, as defined by regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision (o).

(B) He or she is certified by the ~~council~~ *administrative director* to evaluate in an appropriate specialty and at locations within the general geographic area of the employee's residence.

(C) He or she has not been suspended or terminated as a qualified medical evaluator for failure to pay the fee required by

1 the ~~council~~ *administrative director* pursuant to subdivision (n) or
2 for any other reason.

3 (4) When the medical director determines that an employee has
4 requested an evaluation by a type of specialist that is appropriate
5 for the employee's injury, but there are not enough qualified
6 medical evaluators of that type within the general geographic area
7 of the employee's residence to establish a three-member panel, the
8 medical director shall include sufficient qualified medical
9 evaluators from other geographic areas and the employer shall pay
10 all necessary travel costs incurred in the event the employee selects
11 an evaluator from another geographic area.

12 (i) The medical director appointed pursuant to Section 122,
13 shall continuously review the quality of comprehensive medical
14 evaluations and reports prepared by agreed and qualified medical
15 evaluators and the timeliness with which evaluation reports are
16 prepared and submitted. The review shall include, but not be
17 limited to, a review of a random sample of reports submitted to the
18 division, and a review of all reports alleged to be inaccurate or
19 incomplete by a party to a case for which the evaluation was
20 prepared. The medical director shall submit to the administrative
21 director an annual report summarizing the results of the
22 continuous review of medical evaluations and reports prepared by
23 agreed and qualified medical evaluators and make
24 recommendations for the improvement of the system of medical
25 evaluations and determinations.

26 (j) After public hearing pursuant to Section ~~5307.4, the council~~
27 ~~5307.3, the~~ *administrative director* shall adopt regulations
28 concerning the following ~~medical~~ issues:

29 (1) Standards governing the timeframes within which medical
30 evaluations shall be prepared and submitted by agreed and
31 qualified medical evaluators. Except as provided in this
32 subdivision, the timeframe for initial medical evaluations to be
33 prepared and submitted shall be no more than 30 days after the
34 evaluator has seen the employee or otherwise commenced the
35 medical evaluation procedure. The ~~council~~ *administrative*
36 *director* shall develop regulations governing the provision of
37 extensions of the 30-day period in cases: (A) where the evaluator
38 has not received test results or consulting physician's evaluations
39 in time to meet the 30-day deadline; and, (B) to extend the 30-day
40 period by not more than 15 days when the failure to meet the



1 30-day deadline was for good cause. For purposes of this
2 subdivision, “good cause” means: (i) medical emergencies of the
3 evaluator or evaluator’s family; (ii) death in the evaluator’s
4 family; or, (iii) natural disasters or other community catastrophes
5 that interrupt the operation of the evaluator’s business. ~~The council~~
6 *administrative director* shall develop timeframes governing
7 availability of qualified medical evaluators for unrepresented
8 employees under Sections 4061 and 4062. These timeframes shall
9 give the employee the right to the addition of a new evaluator to
10 his or her panel, selected at random, for each evaluator not
11 available to see the employee within a specified period of time, but
12 shall also permit the employee to waive this right for a specified
13 period of time thereafter.

14 (2) Procedures to be followed by all physicians in evaluating
15 the existence and extent of permanent impairment and limitations
16 resulting from an injury. In order to produce complete, accurate,
17 uniform, and replicable evaluations, the procedures shall require
18 that an evaluation of anatomical loss, functional loss, and the
19 presence of physical complaints be supported, to the extent
20 feasible, by medical findings based on standardized examinations
21 and testing techniques generally accepted by the medical
22 community.

23 (3) Procedures governing the determination of any disputed
24 medical issues.

25 (4) Procedures to be used in determining the compensability of
26 psychiatric injury. The procedures shall be in accordance with
27 Section 3208.3 and shall require that the diagnosis of a mental
28 disorder be expressed using the terminology and criteria of the
29 American Psychiatric Association’s Diagnostic and Statistical
30 Manual of Mental Disorders, Third Edition-Revised, or the
31 terminology and diagnostic criteria of other psychiatric diagnostic
32 manuals generally approved and accepted nationally by
33 practitioners in the field of psychiatric medicine.

34 (5) Guidelines for the range of time normally required to
35 perform the following:

36 (A) A medical-legal evaluation that has not been defined and
37 valued pursuant to Section 5307.6. ~~However, the council may~~
38 ~~recommend guidelines for evaluations that have been defined and~~
39 ~~valued pursuant to Section 5307.6 for the purpose of governing the~~
40 ~~appointment, reappointment, and discipline of qualified medical~~



1 ~~evaluators.~~ The guidelines shall establish minimum times for
2 patient contact in the conduct of the evaluations, and shall be
3 consistent with regulations adopted pursuant to Section 5307.6.

4 (B) Any treatment procedures that have not been defined and
5 valued pursuant to Section 5307.1.

6 (C) Any other evaluation procedure requested by the
7 ~~administrative director, the~~ Insurance Commissioner, or ~~the~~
8 ~~council itself~~ *deemed appropriate by the administrative director.*

9 ~~If, without good cause, the council fails to adopt the guidelines~~
10 ~~required by subparagraph (A) or (B) by March 31, 1994, or fails,~~
11 ~~without good cause, to adopt a guideline pursuant to subparagraph~~
12 ~~(C) within six months after a request by the administrative director~~
13 ~~or the Insurance Commissioner, then the administrative director~~
14 ~~shall have the authority to adopt the guideline.~~

15 (6) Any additional medical or professional standards that a
16 medical evaluator shall meet as a condition of appointment,
17 reappointment, or maintenance in the status of a medical evaluator.

18 (k) Except as provided in this subdivision, the ~~Industrial~~
19 ~~Medical Council~~ *administrative director* may, in ~~its~~ *his or her*
20 discretion, suspend or terminate the privilege of a physician to
21 serve as a qualified medical evaluator if the ~~council~~ *administrative*
22 *director*, after hearing pursuant to subdivision (l), determines,
23 based on substantial evidence, that a qualified medical evaluator:

24 (1) Has violated any material statutory or administrative duty.

25 (2) Has failed to follow the medical procedures or
26 qualifications established ~~by the council~~ pursuant to paragraph (2),
27 (3), (4), or (5) of subdivision (j).

28 (3) Has failed to comply with the timeframe standards
29 established ~~by the council~~ pursuant to subdivision (j).

30 (4) Has failed to meet the requirements of subdivision (b) or
31 (c).

32 (5) Has prepared medical-legal evaluations that fail to meet the
33 minimum standards for those reports established by the ~~Industrial~~
34 ~~Medical Council~~ *administrative director* or the appeals board.

35 (6) Has made material misrepresentations or false statements in
36 an application for appointment or reappointment as a qualified
37 medical evaluator.

38 No hearing shall be required prior to the suspension or
39 termination of a physician's privilege to serve as a qualified

1 medical evaluator when the physician has done either of the
2 following:

3 (A) Failed to timely pay the fee required ~~by the council~~
4 pursuant to subdivision (n).

5 (B) Had his or her license to practice in California suspended
6 by the relevant licensing authority so as to preclude practice, or had
7 the license revoked or terminated by the licensing authority.

8 (l) The ~~council~~ *administrative director* shall cite the qualified
9 medical evaluator for a violation listed in subdivision (k) and shall
10 set a hearing on the alleged violation within 30 days of service of
11 the citation on the qualified medical evaluator. In addition to the
12 authority to terminate or suspend the qualified medical evaluator
13 upon finding a violation listed in subdivision (k), the ~~council~~
14 *administrative director* may, in ~~its~~ *his or her* discretion, place a
15 qualified medical evaluator on probation subject to appropriate
16 conditions, including ordering continuing education or training.
17 The ~~council~~ *administrative director* shall report to the appropriate
18 licensing board the name of any qualified medical evaluator who
19 is disciplined pursuant to this subdivision.

20 (m) The ~~council~~ *administrative director* shall terminate from
21 the list of medical evaluators any physician where licensure has
22 been terminated by the relevant licensing board, or who has been
23 convicted of a misdemeanor or felony related to the conduct of his
24 or her medical practice, or of a crime of moral turpitude. The
25 ~~council~~ *administrative director* shall suspend or terminate as a
26 medical evaluator any physician who has been suspended or
27 placed on probation by the relevant licensing board. If a physician
28 is suspended or terminated as a qualified medical evaluator under
29 this subdivision, a report prepared by the physician that is not
30 complete, signed, and furnished to one or more of the parties prior
31 to the date of conviction or action of the licensing board,
32 whichever is earlier, shall not be admissible in any proceeding
33 before the appeals board nor shall there be any liability for
34 payment for the report and any expense incurred by the physician
35 in connection with the report.

36 (n) Each qualified medical evaluator shall pay a fee, as
37 determined by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative*
38 *director*, for appointment or reappointment. ~~Any qualified~~
39 ~~medical evaluator appointed prior to January 1, 1993, shall also~~
40 ~~pay the same fee as specified in accordance with this subdivision.~~



1 These fees shall be based on a sliding scale as established by the
2 ~~council-administrative director~~. All revenues from fees paid under
3 this subdivision shall be deposited into the ~~Industrial Medicine~~
4 ~~Fund, which is hereby created for the administration of the~~
5 ~~Industrial Medical Council. Moneys paid into the Industrial~~
6 ~~Medicine Fund for the activities of the Industrial Medical Council~~
7 ~~Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund and are~~
8 available for expenditure upon appropriation by the Legislature,
9 and shall not be used by any other department or agency or for any
10 purpose other than administration of the ~~council-programs the~~
11 ~~Division of Workers' Compensation related to the provision of~~
12 ~~medical treatment to injured employees. Any future annual~~
13 ~~appropriation to the council from the Workers' Compensation~~
14 ~~Administration Revolving Fund shall not be less than the amount~~
15 ~~appropriated or provided during the 1991-92 fiscal year.~~

16 (o) An evaluator may not request or accept any compensation
17 or other thing of value from any source that does or could create
18 a conflict with his or her duties as an evaluator under this code. The
19 administrative director, after consultation with ~~the council and the~~
20 Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation,
21 shall adopt regulations to implement this subdivision ~~on or before~~
22 ~~July 1, 1994.~~

23 *SEC. 11. Section 139.3 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

24 139.3. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, to the
25 extent those services are paid pursuant to Division 4 (commencing
26 with Section 3200), it is unlawful for a physician to refer a person
27 for clinical laboratory, diagnostic nuclear medicine, radiation
28 oncology, physical therapy, physical rehabilitation, psychometric
29 testing, home infusion therapy, *outpatient surgery*, or diagnostic
30 imaging goods or services whether for treatment or medical-legal
31 purposes if the physician or his or her immediate family, has a
32 financial interest with the person or in the entity that receives the
33 referral.

34 (b) For purposes of this section and Section 139.31, the
35 following shall apply:

36 (1) "Diagnostic imaging" includes, but is not limited to, all
37 X-ray, computed axial tomography magnetic resonance imaging,
38 nuclear medicine, positron emission tomography, mammography,
39 and ultrasound goods and services.



1 (2) “Immediate family” includes the spouse and children of
2 the physician, the parents of the physician, and the spouses of the
3 children of the physician.

4 (3) “Physician” means a physician as defined in Section
5 3209.3.

6 (4) A “financial interest” includes, but is not limited to, any
7 type of ownership, interest, debt, loan, lease, compensation,
8 remuneration, discount, rebate, refund, dividend, distribution,
9 subsidy, or other form of direct or indirect payment, whether in
10 money or otherwise, between a licensee and a person or entity to
11 whom the physician refers a person for a good or service specified
12 in subdivision (a). A financial interest also exists if there is an
13 indirect relationship between a physician and the referral
14 recipient, including, but not limited to, an arrangement whereby
15 a physician has an ownership interest in any entity that leases
16 property to the referral recipient. Any financial interest transferred
17 by a physician to, or otherwise established in, any person or entity
18 for the purpose of avoiding the prohibition of this section shall be
19 deemed a financial interest of the physician.

20 (5) A “physician’s office” is either of the following:

21 (A) An office of a physician in solo practice.

22 (B) An office in which the services or goods are personally
23 provided by the physician or by employees in that office, or
24 personally by independent contractors in that office, in accordance
25 with other provisions of law. Employees and independent
26 contractors shall be licensed or certified when that licensure or
27 certification is required by law.

28 (6) The “office of a group practice” is an office or offices in
29 which two or more physicians are legally organized as a
30 partnership, professional corporation, or not-for-profit
31 corporation licensed according to subdivision (a) of Section 1204
32 of the Health and Safety Code for which all of the following are
33 applicable:

34 (A) Each physician who is a member of the group provides
35 substantially the full range of services that the physician routinely
36 provides, including medical care, consultation, diagnosis, or
37 treatment, through the joint use of shared office space, facilities,
38 equipment, and personnel.

39 (B) Substantially all of the services of the physicians who are
40 members of the group are provided through the group and are



1 billed in the name of the group and amounts so received are treated
2 as receipts of the group, and except that in the case of
3 multispecialty clinics, as defined in subdivision (l) of Section 1206
4 of the Health and Safety Code, physician services are billed in the
5 name of the multispecialty clinic and amounts so received are
6 treated as receipts of the multispecialty clinic.

7 (C) The overhead expenses of, and the income from, the
8 practice are distributed in accordance with methods previously
9 determined by members of the group.

10 (7) *Outpatient surgery includes both of the following:*

11 (A) *Any procedure performed on an outpatient basis in the*
12 *operating rooms, ambulatory surgery rooms, endoscopy units,*
13 *cardiac catheterization laboratories, or other sections of a*
14 *freestanding ambulatory surgery clinic, whether or not licensed*
15 *under paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 1204 of the*
16 *Health and Safety Code.*

17 (B) *The ambulatory surgery itself.*

18 (c) (1) It is unlawful for a licensee to enter into an arrangement
19 or scheme, such as a cross-referral arrangement, that the licensee
20 knows, or should know, has a principal purpose of ensuring
21 referrals by the licensee to a particular entity that, if the licensee
22 directly made referrals to that entity, would be in violation of this
23 section.

24 (2) It shall be unlawful for a physician to offer, deliver, receive,
25 or accept any rebate, refund, commission, preference, patronage
26 dividend, discount, or other consideration, whether in the form of
27 money or otherwise, as compensation or inducement for a referred
28 evaluation or consultation.

29 (d) No claim for payment shall be presented by an entity to any
30 individual, third-party payor, or other entity for ~~a good~~ any goods
31 or ~~service~~ services furnished pursuant to a referral prohibited
32 under this section.

33 (e) A physician who refers to or seeks consultation from an
34 organization in which the physician has a financial interest shall
35 disclose this interest to the patient or if the patient is a minor, to the
36 patient's parents or legal guardian in writing at the time of the
37 referral.

38 (f) No insurer, self-insurer, or other payor shall pay a charge or
39 lien for any ~~good~~ goods or ~~service~~ services resulting from a
40 referral in violation of this section.

1 (g) A violation of subdivision (a) shall be a misdemeanor. The
2 appropriate licensing board shall review the facts and
3 circumstances of any conviction pursuant to subdivision (a) and
4 take appropriate disciplinary action if the licensee has committed
5 unprofessional conduct. Violations of this section may also be
6 subject to civil penalties of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for
7 each offense, which may be enforced by the Insurance
8 Commissioner, Attorney General, or a district attorney. A
9 violation of subdivision (c), (d), (e), or (f) is a public offense and
10 is punishable upon conviction by a fine not exceeding fifteen
11 thousand dollars (\$15,000) for each violation and appropriate
12 disciplinary action, including revocation of professional licensure,
13 by the Medical Board of California or other appropriate
14 governmental agency.

15 *SEC. 12. Section 139.31 of the Labor Code is amended to*
16 *read:*

17 139.31. The prohibition of Section 139.3 shall not apply to or
18 restrict any of the following:

19 (a) A physician may refer a patient for a good or service
20 otherwise prohibited by subdivision (a) of Section 139.3 if the
21 physician's regular practice is where there is no alternative
22 provider of the service within either 25 miles or 40 minutes
23 traveling time, via the shortest route on a paved road. A physician
24 who refers to, or seeks consultation from, an organization in which
25 the physician has a financial interest under this subdivision shall
26 disclose this interest to the patient or the patient's parents or legal
27 guardian in writing at the time of referral.

28 (b) A physician who has one or more of the following
29 arrangements with another physician, a person, or an entity, is not
30 prohibited from referring a patient to the physician, person, or
31 entity because of the arrangement:

32 (1) A loan between a physician and the recipient of the referral,
33 if the loan has commercially reasonable terms, bears interest at the
34 prime rate or a higher rate that does not constitute usury, is
35 adequately secured, and the loan terms are not affected by either
36 party's referral of any person or the volume of services provided
37 by either party.

38 (2) A lease of space or equipment between a physician and the
39 recipient of the referral, if the lease is written, has commercially
40 reasonable terms, has a fixed periodic rent payment, has a term of



1 one year or more, and the lease payments are not affected by either
2 party's referral of any person or the volume of services provided
3 by either party.

4 (3) A physician's ownership of corporate investment
5 securities, including shares, bonds, or other debt instruments that
6 were purchased on terms that are available to the general public
7 through a licensed securities exchange or NASDAQ, do not base
8 profit distributions or other transfers of value on the physician's
9 referral of persons to the corporation, do not have a separate class
10 or accounting for any persons or for any physicians who may refer
11 persons to the corporation, and are in a corporation that had, at the
12 end of the corporation's most recent fiscal year, total gross assets
13 exceeding one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000).

14 (4) A personal services arrangement between a physician or an
15 immediate family member of the physician and the recipient of the
16 referral if the arrangement meets all of the following requirements:

17 (A) It is set out in writing and is signed by the parties.

18 (B) It specifies all of the services to be provided by the
19 physician or an immediate family member of the physician.

20 (C) The aggregate services contracted for do not exceed those
21 that are reasonable and necessary for the legitimate business
22 purposes of the arrangement.

23 (D) A written notice disclosing the existence of the personal
24 services arrangement and including information on where a person
25 may go to file a complaint against the licensee or the immediate
26 family member of the licensee, is provided to the following
27 persons at the time any services pursuant to the arrangement are
28 first provided:

29 (i) An injured worker who is referred by a licensee or an
30 immediate family member of the licensee.

31 (ii) The injured worker's employer, if self-insured.

32 (iii) The injured worker's employer's insurer, if insured.

33 (iv) If the injured worker is known by the licensee or the
34 recipient of the referral to be represented, the injured worker's
35 attorney.

36 (E) The term of the arrangement is for at least one year.

37 (F) The compensation to be paid over the term of the
38 arrangement is set in advance, does not exceed fair market value,
39 and is not determined in a manner that takes into account the
40 volume or value of any referrals or other business generated



1 between the parties, except that if the services provided pursuant
2 to the arrangement include medical services provided under
3 Division 4, compensation paid for the services shall be subject to
4 the official medical fee schedule promulgated pursuant to Section
5 5307.1 or subject to any contract authorized by Section 5307.11.

6 (G) The services to be performed under the arrangement do not
7 involve the counseling or promotion of a business arrangement or
8 other activity that violates any state or federal law.

9 (c) (1) A physician may refer a person to a health facility as
10 defined in Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code, ~~or to any~~
11 *facility owned or leased by a health facility, or to an outpatient*
12 *surgical center*, if the recipient of the referral does not compensate
13 the physician for the patient referral, and any equipment lease
14 arrangement between the physician and the referral recipient
15 complies with the requirements of paragraph (2) of subdivision
16 (b).

17 (2) Nothing shall preclude this subdivision from applying to a
18 physician solely because the physician has an ownership or
19 leasehold interest in an entire health facility or an entity that owns
20 or leases an entire health facility.

21 (3) A physician may refer a person to a health facility for any
22 service classified as an emergency under subdivision (a) or (b) of
23 Section 1317.1 of the Health and Safety Code. For nonemergency
24 outpatient diagnostic imaging services performed with equipment
25 for which, when new, has a commercial retail price of four hundred
26 thousand dollars (\$400,000) or more, the referring physician shall
27 obtain a service preauthorization from the insurer, or self-insured
28 employer. Any oral authorization shall be memorialized in writing
29 within five business days.

30 (d) A physician compensated or employed by a university may
31 refer a person to any facility owned or operated by the university,
32 or for a physician service, to another physician employed by the
33 university, provided that the facility or university does not
34 compensate the referring physician for the patient referral. For
35 nonemergency diagnostic imaging services performed with
36 equipment that, when new, has a commercial retail price of four
37 hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) or more, the referring
38 physician shall obtain a service preauthorization from the insurer
39 or self-insured employer. An oral authorization shall be
40 memorialized in writing within five business days. In the case of



1 a facility which is totally or partially owned by an entity other than
2 the university, but which is staffed by university physicians, those
3 physicians may not refer patients to the facility if the facility
4 compensates the referring physician for those referrals.

5 (e) The prohibition of Section 139.3 shall not apply to any
6 service for a specific patient that is performed within, or goods that
7 are supplied by, a physician's office, or the office of a group
8 practice. Further, the provisions of Section 139.3 shall not alter,
9 limit, or expand a physician's ability to deliver, or to direct or
10 supervise the delivery of, in-office goods or services according to
11 the laws, rules, and regulations governing his or her scope of
12 practice. With respect to diagnostic imaging services performed
13 with equipment that, when new, had a commercial retail price of
14 four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) or more, or for physical
15 therapy services, or for psychometric testing that exceeds the
16 routine screening battery protocols, with a time limit of two to five
17 hours, established by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~
18 *administrative director*, the referring physician obtains a service
19 preauthorization from the insurer or self-insured employer. Any
20 oral authorization shall be memorialized in writing within five
21 business days.

22 (f) The prohibition of Section 139.3 shall not apply where the
23 physician is in a group practice as defined in Section 139.3 and
24 refers a person for services specified in Section 139.3 to a
25 multispecialty clinic, as defined in subdivision (l) of Section 1206
26 of the Health and Safety Code. For diagnostic imaging services
27 performed with equipment that, when new, had a commercial
28 retail price of four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) or more,
29 or physical therapy services, or psychometric testing that exceeds
30 the routine screening battery protocols, with a time limit of two to
31 five hours, established by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~
32 *administrative director*, performed at the multispecialty facility,
33 the referring physician shall obtain a service preauthorization from
34 the insurer or self-insured employer. Any oral authorization shall
35 be memorialized in writing within five business days.

36 (g) The requirement for preauthorization in Sections (c), (e),
37 and (f) shall not apply to a patient for whom the physician or group
38 accepts payment on a capitated risk basis.

39 (h) The prohibition of Section 139.3 shall not apply to any
40 facility when used to provide health care services to an enrollee of

1 a health care service plan licensed pursuant to the Knox-Keene
2 Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing
3 with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code).

4 (i) *The prohibition of Section 139.3 shall not apply to an*
5 *outpatient surgical center, as defined in paragraph (7) of*
6 *subdivision (b) of Section 139.3, where the referring physician*
7 *obtains a service preauthorization from the insurer or self-insured*
8 *employer after disclosure of the financial relationship.*

9 SEC. 13. Section 139.4 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

10 139.4. (a) ~~The Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative*
11 *director* may review advertising copy to ensure compliance with
12 Section 651 of the Business and Professions Code and may require
13 qualified medical evaluators to maintain a file of all advertising
14 copy for a period of 90 days from the date of its use. Any file so
15 required to be maintained shall be available to the ~~council~~
16 *administrative director* upon the ~~council's~~ *administrative*
17 *director's* request for review.

18 (b) No advertising copy shall be used after its use has been
19 disapproved by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative*
20 *director* and the qualified medical evaluator has been notified in
21 writing of the disapproval.

22 (c) A qualified medical evaluator who is found by the ~~Industrial~~
23 ~~Medical Council~~ *administrative director* to have violated any
24 provision of this section may be terminated, suspended, or placed
25 on probation ~~by the council~~.

26 (d) Proceedings to determine whether a violation of this section
27 has occurred shall be conducted pursuant to Chapter 4
28 (commencing with Section 11370) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title
29 2 of the Government Code.

30 (e) ~~As soon as reasonably possible, but not later than January~~
31 ~~1, 1993, the Industrial Medical Council~~ *The administrative*
32 *director* shall adopt regulations governing advertising by
33 physicians with respect to industrial injuries or illnesses. ~~The~~
34 ~~council shall report to the Assembly Insurance Committee and the~~
35 ~~Senate Industrial Relations Committee on July 1, 1992, and on~~
36 ~~January 1, 1993, with respect to its progress in adopting these~~
37 ~~regulations. In promulgating regulations pursuant to this~~
38 ~~subdivision, the council shall review existing regulations,~~
39 ~~including regulations adopted by the State Bar, to identify those~~

1 ~~existing regulatory approaches that may serve as a model for~~
2 ~~regulations required by this subdivision.~~

3 (f) Subdivision (a) shall not be construed to alter the
4 application of Section 651 of the Business and Professions Code.

5 *SEC. 14. Section 139.45 of the Labor Code is amended to*
6 *read:*

7 139.45. (a) In promulgating regulations pursuant to Sections
8 139.4 and 139.43, ~~the Industrial Medical Council and the~~
9 administrative director shall take particular care to preclude any
10 advertisements with respect to industrial injuries or illnesses that
11 are false or mislead the public with respect to workers'
12 compensation. In promulgating rules with respect to advertising,
13 the State Bar and physician licensing boards shall also take
14 particular care to achieve the same goal.

15 (b) For purposes of subdivision (a), false or misleading
16 advertisements shall include advertisements that do any of the
17 following:

18 (1) Contain an untrue statement.

19 (2) Contain any matter, or present or arrange any matter in a
20 manner or format that is false, deceptive, or that tends to confuse,
21 deceive, or mislead.

22 (3) Omit any fact necessary to make the statement made, in the
23 light of the circumstances under which the statement is made, not
24 misleading.

25 (4) Are transmitted in any manner that involves coercion,
26 duress, compulsion, intimidation, threats, or vexatious or
27 harassing conduct.

28 (5) Entice a person to respond by the offering of any
29 consideration, including a good or service but excluding free
30 medical evaluations or treatment, that would be provided either at
31 no charge or for less than market value. No free medical evaluation
32 or treatment shall be offered for the purpose of defrauding any
33 entity.

34 *SEC. 14.3. Section 3201.7 of the Labor Code, as added by*
35 *Chapter 6 of the Statutes of 2002, is repealed.*

36 ~~3201.7. (a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c),~~
37 ~~the Department of Industrial Relations and the courts of this state~~
38 ~~shall recognize as valid and binding any provision in a collective~~
39 ~~bargaining agreement between a private employer or groups of~~
40 ~~employers engaged in the aerospace or timber industries and a~~

1 ~~union that is the recognized or certified exclusive bargaining~~
2 ~~representative that establishes any of the following:~~

3 ~~(1) An alternative dispute resolution system governing~~
4 ~~disputes between employees and employers or their insurers that~~
5 ~~supplements or replaces all or part of those dispute resolution~~
6 ~~processes contained in this division, including, but not limited to,~~
7 ~~mediation and arbitration. Any system of arbitration shall provide~~
8 ~~that the decision of the arbiter or board of arbitration is subject to~~
9 ~~review by the appeals board in the same manner as provided for~~
10 ~~reconsideration of a final order, decision, or award made and filled~~
11 ~~by a workers' compensation judge pursuant to the procedures set~~
12 ~~forth in Article 1 (commencing with Section 5900) of Chapter 7~~
13 ~~of Part 4 of Division 4, and the court of appeals pursuant to the~~
14 ~~procedures set forth in Article 2 (commencing with Section 5950)~~
15 ~~of Chapter 7 of Part 4 of Division 4, governing orders, decisions,~~
16 ~~or awards of the appeals board. The findings of fact, award, order,~~
17 ~~or decision of the arbitrator shall have the same force and effect as~~
18 ~~an award, order, or decision of a workers' compensation~~
19 ~~administrative law judge. Any provision for arbitration~~
20 ~~established pursuant to this section shall not be subject to Sections~~
21 ~~5270, 5270.5, 5271, 5272, 5273, 5275, and 5277.~~

22 ~~(2) The use of an agreed list of providers of medical treatment~~
23 ~~that may be the exclusive source of all medical treatment provided~~
24 ~~under this division:~~

25 ~~(3) The use of an agreed, limited list of qualified medical~~
26 ~~evaluators and agreed medical evaluators that may be the~~
27 ~~exclusive source of qualified medical evaluators and agreed~~
28 ~~medical evaluators under this division:~~

29 ~~(4) Joint labor management safety committees.~~

30 ~~(5) A light duty, modified job or return-to-work program.~~

31 ~~(6) A vocational rehabilitation or retraining program utilizing~~
32 ~~an agreed list of providers of rehabilitation services that may be the~~
33 ~~exclusive source of providers of rehabilitation services under this~~
34 ~~division:~~

35 ~~(b) Nothing in this section shall allow a collective bargaining~~
36 ~~agreement that diminishes the entitlement of an employee to~~
37 ~~compensation payments for total or partial disability, temporary~~
38 ~~disability, vocational rehabilitation, or medical treatment fully~~
39 ~~paid by the employer as otherwise provided in this division; nor~~
40 ~~shall any agreement authorized by this section deny to any~~

1 employee the right to representation by counsel at all stages of the
2 alternative dispute resolution process. The portion of any
3 agreement that violates this subdivision shall be declared null and
4 void.

5 (e) Subdivision (a) shall apply only to the following:

6 (1) An employer developing or projecting an annual workers'
7 compensation insurance premium, in California, of two hundred
8 fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more, or any employer that
9 paid an annual workers' compensation insurance premium, in
10 California, of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), in at
11 least one of the previous three years.

12 (2) Groups of employers engaged in a workers' compensation
13 safety group complying with Sections 11656.6 and 11656.7 of the
14 Insurance Code, and established pursuant to a joint labor
15 management safety committee or committees, which develops or
16 projects annual workers' compensation insurance premiums of
17 two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or more.

18 (3) Employer or groups of employers that are self-insured in
19 compliance with Section 3700 that would have projected annual
20 workers' compensation costs that meet the requirements of
21 paragraph (1) in the case of employers, or paragraph (2) in the case
22 of groups of employers.

23 (d) Employers and labor representatives who meet the
24 eligibility requirements of this section shall be issued a letter by the
25 administrative director advising each employer and labor
26 representative that, based upon the review of all documents and
27 materials submitted as required by the administrative director,
28 each has met the eligibility requirements of this section.

29 (e) The premium rate for a policy of insurance issued pursuant
30 to this section shall not be subject to the requirements of Section
31 11732 or 11732.4 of the Insurance Code.

32 (f) No employer may establish or continue a program
33 established under this section until it has provided the
34 administrative director with all of the following:

35 (1) Upon its original application and whenever it is
36 renegotiated thereafter, a copy of the collective bargaining
37 agreement and the approximate number of employees who will be
38 covered thereby.

39 (2) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, a
40 valid and active license where that license is required by law as a

~~condition of doing business in the state within the industries set forth in subdivision (a).~~

~~(3) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, a statement signed under penalty of perjury, that no action has been taken by any administrative agency or court of the United States to invalidate the collective bargaining agreement.~~

~~(4) The name, address, and telephone number of the contact person of the employer.~~

~~(5) Upon its original application, a plan agreed to between an employer and any affected union prior to the commencement of collective bargaining, that establishes a framework for the implementation of the system to be developed pursuant to subdivision (a).~~

~~(6) Any other information that the administrative director deems necessary to further the purposes of this section.~~

~~(g) No collective bargaining representative may establish or continue to participate in a program established under this section unless all of the following requirements are met:~~

~~(1) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, it has provided to the administrative director a copy of its most recent LM-2 or LM-3 filing with the United States Department of Labor, along with a statement, signed under penalty of perjury, that the document is a true and correct copy.~~

~~(2) It has provided to the administrative director the name, address, and telephone number of the contact person or persons of the collective bargaining representative or representatives.~~

~~(h) Commencing July 1, 2004, and annually thereafter, the Division of Workers' Compensation shall report to the Director of Industrial Relations the number of collective bargaining agreements received and the number of employees covered by these agreements.~~

~~(i) By June 30, 2004, and annually thereafter, the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation shall prepare and notify members of the Legislature that a report authorized by this section is available upon request. The report based upon aggregate data shall include the following:~~

~~(1) Person hours and payroll covered by agreements filed.~~

~~(2) The number of claims filed.~~

~~(3) The average cost per claim shall be reported by cost components whenever practicable.~~

1 ~~(4) The number of litigated claims, including the number of~~
2 ~~claims submitted to mediation, the appeals board, or the court of~~
3 ~~appeals.~~

4 ~~(5) The number of contested claims resolved prior to~~
5 ~~arbitration.~~

6 ~~(6) The projected incurred costs and actual costs of claims.~~

7 ~~(7) Safety history.~~

8 ~~(8) The number of workers participating in vocational~~
9 ~~rehabilitation.~~

10 ~~(9) The number of workers participating in light-duty~~
11 ~~programs.~~

12 ~~(10) Overall worker satisfaction.~~

13 ~~The division shall have the authority to require those employers~~
14 ~~and groups of employers listed in subdivision (c) to provide the~~
15 ~~data listed above.~~

16 ~~(j) The data obtained by the administrative director pursuant to~~
17 ~~this section shall be confidential and not subject to public~~
18 ~~disclosure under any law of this state. However, the Division of~~
19 ~~Workers' Compensation shall create derivative works pursuant to~~
20 ~~subdivisions (h) and (i) based on the collective bargaining~~
21 ~~agreements and data. Those derivative works shall not be~~
22 ~~confidential, but shall be public. On a monthly basis the~~
23 ~~administrative director shall make available an updated list of~~
24 ~~employers and unions entering into collective bargaining~~
25 ~~agreements containing provisions authorized by this section.~~

26 *SEC. 14.5. Section 3201.7 of the Labor Code, as added by*
27 *Chapter 866 of the Statutes of 2002, is repealed.*

28 ~~3201.7. (a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c),~~
29 ~~the Department of Industrial Relations and the courts of this state~~
30 ~~shall recognize as valid and binding any provision in a collective~~
31 ~~bargaining agreement between a private employer or groups of~~
32 ~~employers engaged in the aerospace or timber industries and a~~
33 ~~union that is the recognized or certified exclusive bargaining~~
34 ~~representative that establishes any of the following:~~

35 ~~(1) An alternative dispute resolution system governing~~
36 ~~disputes between employees and employers or their insurers that~~
37 ~~supplements or replaces all or part of those dispute resolution~~
38 ~~processes contained in this division, including, but not limited to,~~
39 ~~mediation and arbitration. Any system of arbitration shall provide~~
40 ~~that the decision of the arbiter or board of arbitration is subject to~~

~~review by the appeals board in the same manner as provided for reconsideration of a final order, decision, or award made and filed by a workers' compensation administrative law judge pursuant to the procedures set forth in Article 1 (commencing with Section 5900) of Chapter 7 of Part 4 of Division 4, and the court of appeal pursuant to the procedures set forth in Article 2 (commencing with Section 5950) of Chapter 7 of Part 4 of Division 4, governing orders, decisions, or awards of the appeals board. The findings of fact, award, order, or decision of the arbitrator shall have the same force and effect as an award, order, or decision of a workers' compensation administrative law judge. Any provision for arbitration established pursuant to this section shall not be subject to Sections 5270, 5270.5, 5271, 5272, 5273, 5275, and 5277.~~

~~(2) The use of an agreed list of providers of medical treatment that may be the exclusive source of all medical treatment provided under this division.~~

~~(3) The use of an agreed, limited list of qualified medical evaluators and agreed medical evaluators that may be the exclusive source of qualified medical evaluators and agreed medical evaluators under this division.~~

~~(4) Joint labor management safety committees.~~

~~(5) A light-duty, modified job or return-to-work program.~~

~~(6) A vocational rehabilitation or retraining program utilizing an agreed list of providers of rehabilitation services that may be the exclusive source of providers of rehabilitation services under this division.~~

~~(b) Nothing in this section shall allow a collective bargaining agreement that diminishes the entitlement of an employee to compensation payments for total or partial disability, temporary disability, vocational rehabilitation, or medical treatment fully paid by the employer as otherwise provided in this division; nor shall any agreement authorized by this section deny to any employee the right to representation by counsel at all stages of the alternative dispute resolution process. The portion of any agreement that violates this subdivision shall be declared null and void.~~

~~(c) Subdivision (a) shall apply only to the following:~~

~~(1) An employer developing or projecting an annual workers' compensation insurance premium, in California, of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or more, or any employer that~~

~~paid an annual workers' compensation insurance premium, in California, of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), in at least one of the previous three years.~~

~~(2) Groups of employers engaged in a workers' compensation safety group complying with Sections 11656.6 and 11656.7 of the Insurance Code, and established pursuant to a joint labor management safety committee or committees, which develops or projects annual workers' compensation insurance premiums of two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or more.~~

~~(3) Employer or groups of employers that are self-insured in compliance with Section 3700 that would have projected annual workers' compensation costs that meet the requirements of paragraph (1) in the case of employers, or paragraph (2) in the case of groups of employers.~~

~~(4) In the aerospace and timber industry, this section shall apply only to an affiliate of a national or international labor organization that has one or more affiliate local unions that negotiated an agreement or agreements pursuant to Section 3201.5 prior to January 1, 2003.~~

~~(d) Employers and labor representatives who meet the eligibility requirements of this section shall be issued a letter by the administrative director advising each employer and labor representative that, based upon the review of all documents and materials submitted as required by the administrative director, each has met the eligibility requirements of this section.~~

~~(e) The premium rate for a policy of insurance issued pursuant to this section shall not be subject to the requirements of Section 11732 or 11732.5 of the Insurance Code.~~

~~(f) No employer may establish or continue a program established under this section until it has provided the administrative director with all of the following:~~

~~(1) Upon its original application and whenever it is renegotiated thereafter, a copy of the collective bargaining agreement and the approximate number of employees who will be covered thereby.~~

~~(2) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, a valid and active license where that license is required by law as a condition of doing business in the state within the industries set forth in subdivision (a).~~

~~(3) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, a statement signed under penalty of perjury, that no action has been taken by any administrative agency or court of the United States to invalidate the collective bargaining agreement.~~

~~(4) The name, address, and telephone number of the contact person of the employer.~~

~~(5) Upon its original application, a plan agreed to between an employer and any affected union prior to the commencement of collective bargaining, that establishes a framework for the implementation of the system to be developed pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a).~~

~~(6) Any other information that the administrative director deems necessary to further the purposes of this section.~~

~~(g) No collective bargaining representative may establish or continue to participate in a program established under this section unless all of the following requirements are met:~~

~~(1) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, it has provided to the administrative director a copy of its most recent LM-2 or LM-3 filing with the United States Department of Labor, along with a statement, signed under penalty of perjury, that the document is a true and correct copy.~~

~~(2) It has provided to the administrative director the name, address, and telephone number of the contact person or persons of the collective bargaining representative or representatives.~~

~~(h) Commencing July 1, 2004, and annually thereafter, the Division of Workers' Compensation shall report to the Director of Industrial Relations the number of collective bargaining agreements received and the number of employees covered by these agreements.~~

~~(i) By June 30, 2004, and annually thereafter, the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation shall prepare and notify members of the Legislature that a report authorized by this section is available upon request. The report based upon aggregate data shall include the following:~~

~~(1) Person hours and payroll covered by agreements filed.~~

~~(2) The number of claims filed.~~

~~(3) The average cost per claim shall be reported by cost components whenever practicable.~~

1 ~~(4) The number of litigated claims, including the number of~~
2 ~~claims submitted to mediation, the appeals board, or the court of~~
3 ~~appeals.~~

4 ~~(5) The number of contested claims resolved prior to~~
5 ~~arbitration.~~

6 ~~(6) The projected incurred costs and actual costs of claims.~~

7 ~~(7) Safety history.~~

8 ~~(8) The number of workers participating in vocational~~
9 ~~rehabilitation.~~

10 ~~(9) The number of workers participating in light-duty~~
11 ~~programs.~~

12 ~~(10) Overall worker satisfaction.~~

13 ~~The division shall have the authority to require those employers~~
14 ~~and groups of employers listed in subdivision (c) to provide the~~
15 ~~data listed above.~~

16 ~~(j) The data obtained by the administrative director pursuant to~~
17 ~~this section shall be confidential and not subject to public~~
18 ~~disclosure under any law of this state. However, the Division of~~
19 ~~Workers' Compensation shall create derivative works pursuant to~~
20 ~~subdivisions (h) and (i) based on the collective bargaining~~
21 ~~agreements and data. Those derivative works shall not be~~
22 ~~confidential, but shall be public. On a monthly basis, the~~
23 ~~administrative director shall make available an updated list of~~
24 ~~employers and unions entering into collective bargaining~~
25 ~~agreements containing provisions authorized by this section.~~

26 *SEC. 14.7. Section 3201.7 is added to the Labor Code, to*
27 *read:*

28 *3201.7. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), the*
29 *Department of Industrial Relations and the courts of this state*
30 *shall recognize as valid and binding any labor-management*
31 *agreement that meets all of the following requirements:*

32 *(1) The labor-management agreement has been negotiated*
33 *separate and apart from any collective bargaining agreement*
34 *covering affected employees.*

35 *(2) The labor-management agreement is restricted to the*
36 *establishment of the terms and conditions necessary to implement*
37 *this section.*

38 *(3) The labor-management agreement has been negotiated in*
39 *accordance with the authorization of the administrative director*
40 *pursuant to subdivision (d), between an employer or groups of*

1 *employers and a union that is the recognized or certified exclusive*
2 *bargaining representative that establishes any of the following:*

3 *(A) An alternative dispute resolution system governing*
4 *disputes between employees and employers or their insurers that*
5 *supplements or replaces all or part of those dispute resolution*
6 *processes contained in this division, including, but not limited to,*
7 *mediation and arbitration. Any system of arbitration shall provide*
8 *that the decision of the arbiter or board of arbitration is subject to*
9 *review by the appeals board in the same manner as provided for*
10 *reconsideration of a final order, decision, or award made and filed*
11 *by a workers' compensation administrative law judge pursuant to*
12 *the procedures set forth in Article 1 (commencing with Section*
13 *5900) of Chapter 7 of Part 4 of Division 4, and the court of appeals*
14 *pursuant to the procedures set forth in Article 2 (commencing with*
15 *Section 5950) of Chapter 7 of Part 4 of Division 4, governing*
16 *orders, decisions, or awards of the appeals board. The findings of*
17 *fact, award, order, or decision of the arbitrator shall have the same*
18 *force and effect as an award, order, or decision of a workers'*
19 *compensation administrative law judge. Any provision for*
20 *arbitration established pursuant to this section shall not be subject*
21 *to Sections 5270, 5270.5, 5271, 5272, 5273, 5275, and 5277.*

22 *(B) The use of an agreed list of providers of medical treatment*
23 *that may be the exclusive source of all medical treatment provided*
24 *under this division.*

25 *(C) The use of an agreed, limited list of qualified medical*
26 *evaluators and agreed medical evaluators that may be the*
27 *exclusive source of qualified medical evaluators and agreed*
28 *medical evaluators under this division.*

29 *(D) Joint labor management safety committees.*

30 *(E) A light-duty, modified job, or return-to-work program.*

31 *(F) A vocational rehabilitation or retraining program utilizing*
32 *an agreed list of providers of rehabilitation services that may be*
33 *the exclusive source of providers of rehabilitation services under*
34 *this division.*

35 *(b) Nothing in this section shall allow a labor-management*
36 *agreement that diminishes the entitlement of an employee to*
37 *compensation payments for total or partial disability, temporary*
38 *disability, vocational rehabilitation, or medical treatment fully*
39 *paid by the employer as otherwise provided in this division; nor*
40 *shall any agreement authorized by this section deny to any*



1 *employee the right to representation by counsel at all stages during*
2 *the alternative dispute resolution process. The portion of any*
3 *agreement that violates this subdivision shall be declared null and*
4 *void.*

5 *(c) Subdivision (a) shall apply only to the following:*

6 *(1) An employer developing or projecting an annual workers'*
7 *compensation insurance premium, in California, of fifty thousand*
8 *dollars (\$50,000) or more, and employing at least 50 employees,*
9 *or any employer that paid an annual workers' compensation*
10 *insurance premium, in California, of fifty thousand dollars*
11 *(\$50,000), and employing at least 50 employees in at least one of*
12 *the previous three years.*

13 *(2) Groups of employers engaged in a workers' compensation*
14 *safety group complying with Sections 11656.6 and 11656.7 of the*
15 *Insurance Code, and established pursuant to a joint labor*
16 *management safety committee or committees, that develops or*
17 *projects annual workers' compensation insurance premiums of*
18 *five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) or more.*

19 *(3) Employers or groups of employers, including cities and*
20 *counties, that are self-insured in compliance with Section 3700*
21 *that would have projected annual workers' compensation costs*
22 *that meet the requirements of, and that meet the other requirements*
23 *of, paragraph (1) in the case of employers, or paragraph (2) in the*
24 *case of groups of employers.*

25 *(d) Any recognized or certified exclusive bargaining*
26 *representative in an industry not covered by Section 3201.5, may*
27 *file a petition with the administrative director seeking permission*
28 *to negotiate with an employer or group of employers to enter into*
29 *a labor-management agreement pursuant to this section. The*
30 *petition shall specify the bargaining unit or units to be included,*
31 *the names of the employers or groups of employers, and shall be*
32 *accompanied by proof of the labor union's status as the exclusive*
33 *bargaining representative. The current collective bargaining*
34 *agreement or agreements shall be attached to the petition. The*
35 *petition shall be in the form designated by the administrative*
36 *director. Upon receipt of the petition, the administrative director*
37 *shall promptly verify the petitioner's status as the exclusive*
38 *bargaining representative. If the petition satisfies the requirements*
39 *set forth in this subdivision, the administrative director shall issue*
40 *a letter advising each employer and labor representative of their*

1 eligibility to enter into negotiations, for a period not to exceed one
2 year, for the purpose of reaching agreement on a
3 labor-management agreement pursuant to this section. The parties
4 may jointly request, and shall be granted, by the administrative
5 director, an additional one-year period to negotiate an agreement.

6 (e) No employer may establish or continue a program
7 established under this section until it has provided the
8 administrative director with all of the following:

9 (1) Upon its original application and whenever it is
10 renegotiated thereafter, a copy of the labor-management
11 agreement and the approximate number of employees who will be
12 covered thereby.

13 (2) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, a
14 statement signed under penalty of perjury, that no action has been
15 taken by any administrative agency or court of the United States
16 to invalidate the labor-management agreement.

17 (3) The name, address, and telephone number of the contact
18 person of the employer.

19 (4) Any other information that the administrative director
20 deems necessary to further the purposes of this section.

21 (f) No collective bargaining representative may establish or
22 continue to participate in a program established under this section
23 unless all of the following requirements are met:

24 (1) Upon its original application and annually thereafter, it has
25 provided to the administrative director a copy of its most recent
26 LM-2 or LM-3 filing with the United States Department of Labor,
27 where such filing is required by law, along with a statement, signed
28 under penalty of perjury, that the document is a true and correct
29 copy.

30 (2) It has provided to the administrative director the name,
31 address, and telephone number of the contact person or persons
32 of the collective bargaining representative or representatives.

33 (g) Commencing July 1, 2005, and annually thereafter, the
34 Division of Workers' Compensation shall report to the Director of
35 Industrial Relations the number of labor-management agreements
36 received and the number of employees covered by these
37 agreements.

38 (h) By June 30, 2006, and annually thereafter, the
39 administrative director shall prepare and notify Members of the
40 Legislature that a report authorized by this section is available

1 upon request. The report based upon aggregate data shall include
2 the following:

3 (1) Person hours and payroll covered by agreements filed.

4 (2) The number of claims filed.

5 (3) The average cost per claim shall be reported by cost
6 components whenever practicable.

7 (4) The number of litigated claims, including the number of
8 claims submitted to mediation, the appeals board, or the court of
9 appeal.

10 (5) The number of contested claims resolved prior to
11 arbitration.

12 (6) The projected incurred costs and actual costs of claims.

13 (7) Safety history.

14 (8) The number of workers participating in vocational
15 rehabilitation.

16 (9) The number of workers participating in light-duty
17 programs.

18 (10) Overall worker satisfaction.

19 The division shall have the authority to require employers and
20 groups of employers participating in labor-management
21 agreements pursuant to this section to provide the data listed
22 above.

23 (i) The data obtained by the administrative director pursuant
24 to this section shall be confidential and not subject to public
25 disclosure under any law of this state. However, the Division of
26 Workers' Compensation shall create derivative works pursuant to
27 subdivisions (f) and (g) based on the labor-management
28 agreements and data. Those derivative works shall not be
29 confidential, but shall be public. On a monthly basis, the
30 administrative director shall make available an updated list of
31 employers and unions entering into labor-management
32 agreements authorized by this section.

33 SEC. 15. Section 3823 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

34 3823. (a) The administrative director shall, in coordination
35 with the Bureau of Fraudulent Claims of the Department of
36 Insurance, the Medi-Cal Fraud Task Force, and the Bureau of
37 Medi-Cal Fraud and Elder Abuse of the Department of Justice,
38 adopt protocols, to the extent that these protocols are applicable
39 to achieve the purpose of subdivision (b), similar to those adopted



1 *by the Department of Insurance concerning medical billing and*
2 *provider fraud.*

3 *(b) Any insurer, self-insured employer, third-party*
4 *administrator, workers' compensation administrative law judge,*
5 *audit unit, attorney, or other person that believes that a fraudulent*
6 *claim has been made by any person or entity providing medical*
7 *care, as described in Section 4600, shall report the apparent*
8 *fraudulent claim in the manner prescribed by subdivision (a).*

9 *SEC. 16. Section 4061 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

10 4061. (a) Together with the last payment of temporary
11 disability indemnity, the employer shall, in a form prescribed by
12 the administrative director pursuant to Section 138.4, provide the
13 employee one of the following:

14 (1) Notice either that no permanent disability indemnity will be
15 paid because the employer alleges the employee has no permanent
16 impairment or limitations resulting from the injury or notice of the
17 amount of permanent disability indemnity determined by the
18 employer to be payable. The notice shall include information
19 concerning how the employee may obtain a formal medical
20 evaluation pursuant to subdivision (c) if he or she disagrees with
21 the position taken by the employer. The notice shall be
22 accompanied by the form prescribed by the ~~Industrial Medical~~
23 ~~Council~~ administrative director for requesting assignment of a
24 panel of qualified medical evaluators, unless the employee is
25 represented by an attorney. If the employer determines permanent
26 disability indemnity is payable, the employer shall advise the
27 employee of the amount determined payable and the basis on
28 which the determination was made and whether there is need for
29 continuing medical care.

30 (2) Notice that permanent disability indemnity may be or is
31 payable, but that the amount cannot be determined because the
32 employee's medical condition is not yet permanent and stationary.
33 The notice shall advise the employee that his or her medical
34 condition will be monitored until it is permanent and stationary, at
35 which time the necessary evaluation will be performed to
36 determine the existence and extent of permanent impairment and
37 limitations for the purpose of rating permanent disability and to
38 determine the need for continuing medical care, or at which time
39 the employer will advise the employee of the amount of permanent
40 disability indemnity the employer has determined to be payable.



1 If an employee is provided notice pursuant to this paragraph and
2 the employer later takes the position that the employee has no
3 permanent impairment or limitations resulting from the injury, or
4 later determines permanent disability indemnity is payable, the
5 employer shall in either event, within 14 days of the determination
6 to take either position, provide the employee with the notice
7 specified in paragraph (1).

8 (b) Each notice required by subdivision (a) shall describe the
9 administrative procedures available to the injured employee and
10 advise the employee of his or her right to consult an information
11 and assistance officer or an attorney. It shall contain the following
12 language:

13 “Should you decide to be represented by an attorney, you may
14 or may not receive a larger award, but, unless you are determined
15 to be ineligible for an award, the attorney’s fee will be deducted
16 from any award you might receive for disability benefits. The
17 decision to be represented by an attorney is yours to make, but it
18 is voluntary and may not be necessary for you to receive your
19 benefits.”

20 (c) If the parties do not agree to a permanent disability rating
21 based on the treating physician’s evaluation or the assessment of
22 need for continuing medical care, and the employee is represented
23 by an attorney, the employer shall seek agreement with the
24 employee on a physician to prepare a comprehensive medical
25 evaluation of the employee’s permanent impairment and
26 limitations and any need for continuing medical care resulting
27 from the injury. If no agreement is reached within 10 days, or any
28 additional time not to exceed 20 days agreed to by the parties, the
29 parties may not later select an agreed medical evaluator.
30 Evaluations of an employee’s permanent impairment and
31 limitations obtained prior to the period to reach agreement shall
32 not be admissible in any proceeding before the appeals board.
33 After the period to reach agreement has expired, either party may
34 select a qualified medical evaluator to conduct the comprehensive
35 medical evaluation. Neither party may obtain more than one
36 comprehensive medical-legal report, provided, however, that any
37 party may obtain additional reports at their own expense.

38 (d) If the parties do not agree to a permanent disability rating
39 based on the treating physician’s evaluation, and if the employee
40 is not represented by an attorney, the employer shall not seek



1 agreement with the employee on a physician to prepare an
2 additional medical evaluation. The employer shall immediately
3 provide the employee with a form prescribed by the medical
4 director with which to request assignment of a panel of three
5 qualified medical evaluators. The employee shall select a
6 physician from the panel to prepare a medical evaluation of the
7 employee's permanent impairment and limitations and any need
8 for continuing medical care resulting from the injury.

9 For injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2003, except as
10 provided in subdivision (b) of Section 4064, the report of the
11 qualified medical evaluator and the reports of the treating
12 physician or physicians shall be the only admissible reports and
13 shall be the only reports obtained by the employee or the employer
14 on the issues subject to this section.

15 (e) If an employee obtains a qualified medical evaluator from
16 a panel pursuant to subdivision (d) or pursuant to subdivision (b)
17 of Section 4062, and thereafter becomes represented by an
18 attorney and obtains an additional qualified medical evaluator, the
19 employer shall have a corresponding right to secure an additional
20 qualified medical evaluator.

21 (f) The represented employee shall be responsible for making
22 an appointment with an agreed medical evaluator.

23 (g) The unrepresented employee shall be responsible for
24 making an appointment with a qualified medical evaluator
25 selected from a panel of three qualified medical evaluators. The
26 evaluator shall give the employee, at the appointment, a brief
27 opportunity to ask questions concerning the evaluation process
28 and the evaluator's background. The unrepresented employee
29 shall then participate in the evaluation as requested by the
30 evaluator unless the employee has good cause to discontinue the
31 evaluation. For purposes of this subdivision, "good cause" shall
32 include evidence that the evaluator is biased against the employee
33 because of his or her race, sex, national origin, religion, or sexual
34 preference or evidence that the evaluator has requested the
35 employee to submit to an unnecessary medical examination or
36 procedure. If the unrepresented employee declines to proceed with
37 the evaluation, he or she shall have the right to a new panel of three
38 qualified medical evaluators from which to select one to prepare
39 a comprehensive medical evaluation. If the appeals board
40 subsequently determines that the employee did not have good



1 cause to not proceed with the evaluation, the cost of the evaluation
2 shall be deducted from any award the employee obtains.

3 (h) Upon selection or assignment pursuant to subdivision (c) or
4 (d), the medical evaluator shall perform a comprehensive medical
5 evaluation according to the procedures promulgated by the
6 ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative director* under
7 paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (j) of Section 139.2 and
8 summarize the medical findings on a form prescribed by the
9 ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative director*. The
10 comprehensive medical evaluation shall address all contested
11 medical issues arising from all injuries reported on one or more
12 claim forms prior to the date of the employee's initial appointment
13 with the medical evaluator. If, after a comprehensive medical
14 evaluation is prepared, the employer or the employee subsequently
15 objects to any new medical issue, the parties, to the extent possible,
16 shall utilize the same medical evaluator who prepared the previous
17 evaluation to resolve the medical dispute.

18 (i) Except as provided in Section 139.3, the medical evaluator
19 may obtain consultations from other physicians who have treated
20 the employee for the injury whose expertise is necessary to provide
21 a complete and accurate evaluation.

22 (j) The qualified medical evaluator who has evaluated an
23 unrepresented employee shall serve the comprehensive medical
24 evaluation and the summary form on the employee, employer, and
25 the administrative director. The unrepresented employee or the
26 employer may submit the treating physician's evaluation for the
27 calculation of a permanent disability rating. Within 20 days of
28 receipt of the comprehensive medical evaluation, the
29 administrative director shall calculate the permanent disability
30 rating according to Section 4660 and serve the rating on the
31 employee and employer.

32 (k) Any comprehensive medical evaluation concerning an
33 unrepresented employee which indicates that part or all of an
34 employee's permanent impairment or limitations may be subject
35 to apportionment pursuant to Sections 4663 or 4750 shall first be
36 submitted by the administrative director to a workers'
37 compensation judge who may refer the report back to the qualified
38 medical evaluator for correction or clarification if the judge
39 determines the proposed apportionment is inconsistent with the
40 law.



1 (l) Within 30 days of receipt of the rating, if the employee is
2 unrepresented, the employee or employer may request that the
3 administrative director reconsider the recommended rating or
4 obtain additional information from the treating physician or
5 medical evaluator to address issues not addressed or not
6 completely addressed in the original comprehensive medical
7 evaluation or not prepared in accord with the procedures of the
8 ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ promulgated under paragraph (2) or
9 (3) of subdivision (j) of Section 139.2. This request shall be in
10 writing, shall specify the reasons the rating should be
11 reconsidered, and shall be served on the other party. If the
12 administrative director finds the comprehensive medical
13 evaluation is not complete or not in compliance with the required
14 procedures, the administrative director shall return the report to
15 the treating physician or qualified medical evaluator for
16 appropriate action as the administrative director instructs. Upon
17 receipt of the treating physician's or qualified medical evaluator's
18 final comprehensive medical evaluation and summary form, the
19 administrative director shall recalculate the permanent disability
20 rating according to Section 4660 and serve the rating, the
21 comprehensive medical evaluation, and the summary form on the
22 employee and employer.

23 (m) If a comprehensive medical evaluation from the treating
24 physician or an agreed medical evaluator or a qualified medical
25 evaluator selected from a three-member panel resolves any issue
26 so as to require an employer to provide compensation, the
27 employer shall commence the payment of compensation or
28 promptly commence proceedings before the appeals board to
29 resolve the dispute. If the employee and employer agree to a
30 stipulated findings and award as provided under Section 5702 or
31 to compromise and release the claim under Chapter 2
32 (commencing with Section 5000) of Part 3, or if the employee
33 wishes to commute the award under Chapter 3 (commencing with
34 Section 5100) of Part 3, the appeals board shall first determine
35 whether the agreement or commutation is in the best interests of
36 the employee and whether the proper procedures have been
37 followed in determining the permanent disability rating. The
38 administrative director shall promulgate a form to notify the
39 employee, at the time of service of any rating under this section,
40 of the options specified in this subdivision, the potential



1 advantages and disadvantages of each option, and the procedure
2 for disputing the rating.

3 (n) No issue relating to the existence or extent of permanent
4 impairment and limitations or the need for continuing medical care
5 resulting from the injury may be the subject of a declaration of
6 readiness to proceed unless there has first been a medical
7 evaluation by a treating physician or an agreed or qualified
8 medical evaluator. With the exception of an evaluation or
9 evaluations prepared by the treating physician or physicians, no
10 evaluation of permanent impairment and limitations or need for
11 continuing medical care resulting from the injury shall be obtained
12 prior to service of the comprehensive medical evaluation on the
13 employee and employer if the employee is unrepresented, or prior
14 to the attempt to select an agreed medical evaluator if the employee
15 is represented. Evaluations obtained in violation of this
16 prohibition shall not be admissible in any proceeding before the
17 appeals board. However, the testimony, records, and reports
18 offered by the treating physician or physicians who treated the
19 employee for the injury and comprehensive medical evaluations
20 prepared by a qualified medical evaluator selected by an
21 unrepresented employee from a three-member panel shall be
22 admissible.

23 *SEC. 16.5. Section 4062 of the Labor Code is repealed.*

24 ~~4062. (a) If either the employee or employer objects to a~~
25 ~~medical determination made by the treating physician concerning~~
26 ~~the permanent and stationary status of the employee's medical~~
27 ~~condition, the employee's preclusion or likely preclusion to~~
28 ~~engage in his or her usual occupation, the extent and scope of~~
29 ~~medical treatment, the existence of new and further disability, or~~
30 ~~any other medical issues not covered by Section 4060 or 4061, the~~
31 ~~objecting party shall notify the other party in writing of the~~
32 ~~objection within 20 days of receipt of the report if the employee~~
33 ~~is represented by an attorney or within 30 days of receipt of the~~
34 ~~report if the employee is not represented by an attorney. These time~~
35 ~~limits may be extended for good cause or by mutual agreement. If~~
36 ~~the employee is represented by an attorney, the parties shall seek~~
37 ~~agreement with the other party on a physician, who need not be a~~
38 ~~qualified medical evaluator, to prepare a report resolving the~~
39 ~~disputed issue. If no agreement is reached within 10 days, or any~~
40 ~~additional time not to exceed 20 days agreed upon by the parties,~~

1 ~~the parties may not later select an agreed medical evaluator.~~
2 ~~Evaluations obtained prior to the period to reach agreement shall~~
3 ~~not be admissible in any proceeding before the appeals board.~~
4 ~~After the period to reach agreement has expired, the objecting~~
5 ~~party may select a qualified medical evaluator to conduct the~~
6 ~~comprehensive medical evaluation. Neither party may obtain~~
7 ~~more than one comprehensive medical legal report, provided,~~
8 ~~however, that any party may obtain additional reports at their own~~
9 ~~expense. The nonobjecting party may continue to rely on the~~
10 ~~treating physician's report or may select a qualified medical~~
11 ~~evaluator to conduct an additional evaluation.~~

12 ~~(b) If the employee is not represented by an attorney, the~~
13 ~~employer shall not seek agreement with the employee on a~~
14 ~~physician to prepare the comprehensive medical evaluation. The~~
15 ~~employer shall immediately provide the employee with a form~~
16 ~~prescribed by the medical director with which to request~~
17 ~~assignment of a panel of three qualified medical evaluators. The~~
18 ~~employee shall select a physician from the panel to prepare a~~
19 ~~comprehensive medical evaluation. For injuries occurring on or~~
20 ~~after January 1, 2003, except as provided in subdivision (b) of~~
21 ~~Section 4064, the evaluation of the qualified medical evaluator~~
22 ~~selected from a panel of three and the reports of the treating~~
23 ~~physician or physicians shall be the only admissible reports and~~
24 ~~shall be the only reports obtained by the employee or employer on~~
25 ~~issues subject to this section in a case involving an unrepresented~~
26 ~~employee.~~

27 ~~(c) Upon completing a determination of the disputed medical~~
28 ~~issue, the physician selected under subdivision (a) or (b) to~~
29 ~~perform the medical evaluation shall summarize the medical~~
30 ~~findings on a form prescribed by the Industrial Medical Council~~
31 ~~and shall serve the formal medical evaluation and the summary~~
32 ~~form on the employee, employer, and administrative director. The~~
33 ~~medical evaluation shall address all contested medical issues~~
34 ~~arising from all injuries reported on one or more claim forms prior~~
35 ~~to the date of the employee's initial appointment with the medical~~
36 ~~evaluator. If, after a medical evaluation is prepared, the employer~~
37 ~~or the employee subsequently objects to any new medical issue,~~
38 ~~the parties, to the extent possible, shall utilize the same medical~~
39 ~~evaluator who prepared the previous evaluation to resolve the~~
40 ~~medical dispute.~~



~~(d) No disputed medical issue specified in subdivision (a) may be the subject of a declaration of readiness to proceed unless there has first been an evaluation by the treating physician or an agreed or qualified medical evaluator.~~

~~(e) With the exception of a report or reports prepared by the treating physician or physicians, no report determining disputed medical issues set forth in subdivision (a) shall be obtained prior to the expiration of the period to reach agreement on the selection of an agreed medical evaluator under subdivision (a). Reports obtained in violation of this prohibition shall not be admissible in any proceeding before the appeals board. However, the testimony, records, and reports offered by the treating physician or physicians who treated the employee for the injury shall be admissible.~~

SEC. 17. Section 4062 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

4062. (a) If either the employee or employer objects to a medical determination made by the treating physician concerning the permanent and stationary status of the employee's medical condition, the employee's preclusion or likely preclusion to engage in his or her usual occupation, the extent and scope of medical treatment, the existence of new and further disability, or any other medical issues not covered by Section 4060 or 4061, the objecting party shall notify the other party in writing of the objection within 20 days of receipt of the report if the employee is represented by an attorney or within 30 days of receipt of the report if the employee is not represented by an attorney. Employer objections to the treating physician's recommendation for spinal surgery shall be subject to subdivision (b), and after denial of the physician's recommendation, in accordance with Section 4610. These time limits may be extended for good cause or by mutual agreement. If the employee is represented by an attorney, the parties shall seek agreement with the other party on a physician, who need not be a qualified medical evaluator, to prepare a report resolving the disputed issue. If no agreement is reached within 10 days, or any additional time not to exceed 20 days agreed upon by the parties, the parties may not later select an agreed medical evaluator. Evaluations obtained prior to the period to reach agreement shall not be admissible in any proceeding before the appeals board. After the period to reach agreement has expired, the objecting party may select a qualified medical evaluator to conduct the comprehensive medical evaluation. Neither party may obtain more

1 *than one comprehensive medical-legal report, provided, however,*
2 *that any party may obtain additional reports at their own expense.*
3 *The nonobjecting party may continue to rely on the treating*
4 *physician's report or may select a qualified medical evaluator to*
5 *conduct an additional evaluation.*

6 *(b) The employer may object to a report of the treating*
7 *physician recommending that spinal surgery be performed within*
8 *10 days of the receipt of the report. If the employee is represented*
9 *by an attorney, the parties shall seek agreement with the other*
10 *party on a California licensed board-certified or board-eligible*
11 *orthopedic surgeon or neurosurgeon to prepare a second opinion*
12 *report resolving the disputed surgical recommendation. If no*
13 *agreement is reached within 10 days, or if the employee is not*
14 *represented by an attorney, an orthopedic surgeon or*
15 *neurosurgeon shall be randomly selected by the administrative*
16 *director to prepare a second opinion report resolving the disputed*
17 *surgical recommendation. Examinations shall be scheduled on an*
18 *expedited basis. The second opinion report shall be served on the*
19 *parties within 45 days of receipt of the treating physician's report.*
20 *If the second opinion report recommends surgery, the employer*
21 *shall authorize the surgery. If the second opinion report does not*
22 *recommend surgery, the employer shall file a declaration of*
23 *readiness to proceed. The employer shall not be liable for medical*
24 *treatment costs for the disputed surgical procedure, whether*
25 *through a lien filed with the appeals board or as a self-procured*
26 *medical expense, or for periods of temporary disability resulting*
27 *from the surgery, if the disputed surgical procedure is performed*
28 *prior to the completion of the second opinion process required by*
29 *this subdivision.*

30 *(c) The second opinion physician shall not have any material*
31 *professional, familial, or financial affiliation, as determined by the*
32 *administrative director, with any of the following:*

33 *(1) The employer, his or her workers' compensation insurer,*
34 *third-party claims administrator, or other entity contracted to*
35 *provide utilization review services pursuant to Section 4610.*

36 *(2) Any officer, director, or employee of the employer's health*
37 *care provider, workers' compensation insurer, or third-party*
38 *claims administrator.*



1 (3) A physician, the physician's medical group, or the
2 independent practice association involved in the health care
3 service in dispute.

4 (4) The facility or institution at which either the proposed
5 health care service, or the alternative service, if any, recommended
6 by the employer's health care provider, workers' compensation
7 insurer, or third-party claims administrator, would be provided.

8 (5) The development or manufacture of the principal drug,
9 device, procedure, or other therapy proposed by the employee or
10 his or her treating physician whose treatment is under review, or
11 the alternative therapy, if any, recommended by the employer or
12 other entity.

13 (6) The employee or the employee's immediate family.

14 (d) If the employee is not represented by an attorney, the
15 employer shall not seek agreement with the employee on a
16 physician to prepare the comprehensive medical evaluation.
17 Except in cases where the treating physician's recommendation
18 that spinal surgery be performed pursuant to subdivision (b), the
19 employer shall immediately provide the employee with a form
20 prescribed by the medical director with which to request
21 assignment of a panel of three qualified medical evaluators. The
22 employee shall select a physician from the panel to prepare a
23 comprehensive medical evaluation. For injuries occurring on or
24 after January 1, 2003, except as provided in subdivision (b) of
25 Section 4064, the evaluation of the qualified medical evaluator
26 selected from a panel of three and the reports of the treating
27 physician or physicians shall be the only admissible reports and
28 shall be the only reports obtained by the employee or employer on
29 issues subject to this section in a case involving an unrepresented
30 employee.

31 (e) Upon completing a determination of the disputed medical
32 issue, the physician selected under subdivision (a) or (d) to
33 perform the medical evaluation shall summarize the medical
34 findings on a form prescribed by the administrative director and
35 shall serve the formal medical evaluation and the summary form
36 on the employee and the employer. The medical evaluation shall
37 address all contested medical issues arising from all injuries
38 reported on one or more claim forms prior to the date of the
39 employee's initial appointment with the medical evaluator. If, after
40 a medical evaluation is prepared, the employer or the employee



1 subsequently objects to any new medical issue, the parties, to the
2 extent possible, shall utilize the same medical evaluator who
3 prepared the previous evaluation to resolve the medical dispute.

4 (f) No disputed medical issue specified in subdivision (a) may
5 be the subject of a declaration of readiness to proceed unless there
6 has first been an evaluation by the treating physician or an agreed
7 or qualified medical evaluator.

8 (g) With the exception of a report or reports prepared by the
9 treating physician or physicians, no report determining disputed
10 medical issues set forth in subdivision (a) shall be obtained prior
11 to the expiration of the period to reach agreement on the selection
12 of an agreed medical evaluator under subdivision (a). Reports
13 obtained in violation of this prohibition shall not be admissible in
14 any proceeding before the appeals board. However, the testimony,
15 records, and reports offered by the treating physician or physicians
16 who treated the employee for the injury shall be admissible.

17 (h) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1,
18 2007, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute,
19 that is enacted before January 1, 2007, deletes or extends that date.

20 SEC. 18. Section 4062.01 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

21 4062.01. (a) If either the employee or employer objects to a
22 medical determination made by the treating physician concerning
23 the permanent and stationary status of the employee's medical
24 condition, the employee's preclusion or likely preclusion to engage
25 in his or her usual occupation, the extent and scope of medical
26 treatment, the existence of new and further disability, or any other
27 medical issues not covered by Section 4060 or 4061, the objecting
28 party shall notify the other party in writing of the objection within
29 20 days of receipt of the report if the employee is represented by an
30 attorney or within 30 days of receipt of the report if the employee
31 is not represented by an attorney. These time limits may be
32 extended for good cause or by mutual agreement. If the employee
33 is represented by an attorney, the parties shall seek agreement with
34 the other party on a physician, who need not be a qualified medical
35 evaluator, to prepare a report resolving the disputed issue. If no
36 agreement is reached within 10 days, or any additional time not to
37 exceed 20 days agreed upon by the parties, the parties may not
38 later select an agreed medical evaluator. Evaluations obtained
39 prior to the period to reach agreement shall not be admissible in
40 any proceeding before the appeals board. After the period to reach



1 agreement has expired, the objecting party may select a qualified
2 medical evaluator to conduct the comprehensive medical
3 evaluation. Neither party may obtain more than one
4 comprehensive medical-legal report, provided, however, that any
5 party may obtain additional reports at their own expense. The
6 nonobjecting party may continue to rely on the treating physician's
7 report or may select a qualified medical evaluator to conduct an
8 additional evaluation.

9 (b) If the employee is not represented by an attorney, the
10 employer shall not seek agreement with the employee on a
11 physician to prepare the comprehensive medical evaluation. The
12 employer shall immediately provide the employee with a form
13 prescribed by the medical director with which to request
14 assignment of a panel of three qualified medical evaluators. The
15 employee shall select a physician from the panel to prepare a
16 comprehensive medical evaluation. The evaluation of the qualified
17 medical evaluator selected from a panel of three and the reports
18 of the treating physician or physicians shall be the only admissible
19 reports and shall be the only reports obtained by the employee or
20 employer on issues subject to this section in a case involving an
21 unrepresented employee.

22 (c) Upon completing a determination of the disputed medical
23 issue, the physician selected under subdivision (a) or (b) to
24 perform the medical evaluation shall summarize the medical
25 findings on a form prescribed by the administrative director and
26 shall serve the formal medical evaluation and the summary form
27 on the employee and the employer. The medical evaluation shall
28 address all contested medical issues arising from all injuries
29 reported on one or more claim forms prior to the date of the
30 employee's initial appointment with the medical evaluator. If, after
31 a medical evaluation is prepared, the employer or the employee
32 subsequently objects to any new medical issue, the parties, to the
33 extent possible, shall utilize the same medical evaluator who
34 prepared the previous evaluation to resolve the medical dispute.

35 (d) No disputed medical issue specified in subdivision (a) may
36 be the subject of a declaration of readiness to proceed unless there
37 has first been an evaluation by the treating physician or an agreed
38 or qualified medical evaluator.

39 (e) With the exception of a report or reports prepared by the
40 treating physician or physicians, no report determining disputed



1 *medical issues set forth in subdivision (a) shall be obtained prior*
2 *to the expiration of the period to reach agreement on the selection*
3 *of an agreed medical evaluator under subdivision (a). Reports*
4 *obtained in violation of this prohibition shall not be admissible in*
5 *any proceeding before the appeals board. However, the testimony,*
6 *records, and reports offered by the treating physician or physicians*
7 *who treated the employee for the injury shall be admissible.*

8 *(f) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2007.*

9 *SEC. 19. Section 4062.5 of the Labor Code is amended to*
10 *read:*

11 4062.5. If a qualified medical evaluator selected by an
12 unrepresented employee from a three-member panel fails to
13 complete the formal medical evaluation within the time-frames
14 established by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative*
15 *director* pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (j) of Section
16 139.2, the employee shall have the right to a new panel of three
17 qualified medical evaluators from which to select one to prepare
18 a formal medical evaluation. Neither the employee nor the
19 employer shall have any liability for payment for the formal
20 medical evaluation which was not completed within the required
21 timeframes unless the employee, on a form prescribed by the
22 ~~Industrial Medical Council~~ *administrative director*, waives his or
23 her right to a new evaluation and elects to accept the original
24 evaluation even though it was not completed within the required
25 timeframes.

26 *SEC. 20. Section 4062.9 of the Labor Code is amended to*
27 *read:*

28 4062.9. (a) ~~For injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2003,~~
29 ~~in cases where an additional comprehensive medical evaluation is~~
30 ~~obtained under Section 4061 or 4062, if the employee has been~~
31 ~~treated by his or her personal physician, or by his or her personal~~
32 ~~chiropractor, as defined in Section 4601, who was predesignated~~
33 ~~prior to the date of injury as provided under Section 4600, the~~
34 ~~findings of the personal physician or personal chiropractor are~~
35 ~~presumed to be correct. This presumption is rebuttable and may be~~
36 ~~controverted by a preponderance of medical opinion indicating a~~
37 ~~different level of disability. However, the presumption shall not~~
38 ~~apply where both parties select qualified medical examiners.~~

39 ~~(b) In cases where an additional comprehensive medical~~
40 ~~evaluation is obtained under Section 4061 or 4062, if the employee~~

1 *has been treated by his or her personal physician, or by his or her*
2 *personal chiropractor, as defined in Section 4601, who was*
3 *predesignated prior to the date of injury as provided under Section*
4 *4600, the findings of the personal physician or personal*
5 *chiropractor are presumed to be correct. This presumption is*
6 *rebuttable and may be controverted by a preponderance of medical*
7 *opinion indicating a different level of disability. However, the*
8 *presumption shall not apply where both parties select qualified*
9 *medical examiners.*

10 *(b) In all cases other than those specified in subdivision (a),*
11 *regardless of the date of injury, no presumption shall apply to the*
12 *opinion of any physician on the issue of extent and scope of*
13 *medical treatment, either prior or subsequent to the issuance of an*
14 *award.*

15 *(c) The administrative director, ~~in consultation with the~~*
16 *~~Industrial Medical Council,~~ shall develop, not later than January*
17 *1, 2004, and periodically revise as necessary thereafter,*
18 *educational materials to be used to provide treating physicians and*
19 *chiropractors with information and training in basic concepts of*
20 *workers' compensation, the role of the treating physician, the*
21 *conduct of permanent and stationary evaluations, and report*
22 *writing.*

23 *(d) The amendment made to this section by SB 228 of the*
24 *2003–04 Regular Session shall not constitute good cause to reopen*
25 *or rescind, alter, or amend any order, decision, or award of the*
26 *appeals board.*

27 *SEC. 22. Section 4068 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

28 *4068. (a) Upon determining that a treating physician's report*
29 *contains opinions that are the result of conjecture, are not*
30 *supported by adequate evidence, or that indicate bias, the appeals*
31 *board shall so notify the administrative director in writing in a*
32 *manner he or she has specified.*

33 *(b) If the administrative director believes that any treating*
34 *physician's reports show a pattern of unsupported opinions, he or*
35 *she shall notify in writing the physician's applicable licensing*
36 *body of his or her findings. ~~If the treating physician is a medical~~*
37 *~~evaluator, the administrative director shall also notify the~~*
38 *~~Industrial Medical Council.~~*

39 *SEC. 23. Section 4600.1 of the Labor Code is repealed.*

~~4600.1. Any pharmacy providing medicines and medical supplies required by Section 4600 shall provide the generic drug equivalent, if a generic drug equivalent is available, unless the prescribing physician specifically provides otherwise in writing.~~

SEC. 24. Section 4600.1 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

4600.1. (a) Subject to subdivision (b), any person or entity that dispenses medicines and medical supplies, as required by Section 4600, shall dispense the generic drug equivalent.

(b) A person or entity shall not be required to dispense a generic drug equivalent under either of the following circumstances:

(1) When a generic drug equivalent is unavailable.

(2) When the prescribing physician specifically provides in writing that a nongeneric drug must be dispensed.

(c) For purposes of this section, “dispense” has the same meaning as the definition contained in Section 4024 of the Business and Professions Code.

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude a prescribing physician, who is also the dispensing physician, from dispensing a generic drug equivalent.

SEC. 25. Section 4603.2 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

4603.2. (a) Upon selecting a physician pursuant to Section 4600, the employee or physician shall forthwith notify the employer of the name and address of the physician. The physician shall submit a report to the employer within five working days from the date of the initial examination and shall submit periodic reports at intervals that may be prescribed by rules and regulations adopted by the administrative director.

~~(b) Payment—~~*(1) Except as provided in subdivision (d) of Section 4603.4, payment for medical treatment provided or authorized by the treating physician selected by the employee or designated by the employer shall be made by the employer within 60 45 working days after receipt of each separate, itemized billing, together with any required reports and any written authorization for services that may have been received by the physician. If the billing or a portion thereof is contested, denied, or considered incomplete, the physician shall be notified, in writing, that the billing is contested, denied, or considered incomplete, within 30 working days after receipt of the billing by the employer. A notice that a billing is incomplete shall state all additional information*

1 required to make a decision. Any properly documented amount not
2 paid within the ~~60-day~~ 45-working-day period shall be increased
3 by ~~10-15~~ percent, together with interest at the same rate as
4 judgments in civil actions retroactive to the date of receipt of the
5 bill, unless the employer does both of the following:

6 ~~(1)~~

7 (A) Pays the uncontested amount within the ~~60-day~~
8 45-working-day period.

9 ~~(2)~~

10 (B) Advises, in the manner prescribed by the administrative
11 director, the physician, or another provider of the items being
12 contested, the reasons for contesting these items, and the remedies
13 available to the physician or the other provider if he or she
14 disagrees. In the case of a bill which includes charges from a
15 hospital, outpatient surgery center, or independent diagnostic
16 facility, advice that a request has been made for an audit of the bill
17 shall satisfy the requirements of this paragraph.

18 If an employer contests all or part of a billing, any amount
19 determined payable by the appeals board shall carry interest from
20 the date the amount was due until it is paid. *If any contested amount*
21 *is determined payable by the appeals board, the defendant shall be*
22 *ordered to reimburse the provider for any filing fees paid pursuant*
23 *to Section 4903.05.*

24 An employer's liability to a physician or another provider under
25 this section for delayed payments shall not affect its liability to an
26 employee under Section 5814 or any other provision of this
27 division.

28 (2) *Notwithstanding paragraph (1), if the employer is a*
29 *governmental entity, payment for medical treatment provided or*
30 *authorized by the treating physician selected by the employee or*
31 *designated by the employer shall be made within 60 working days*
32 *after receipt of each separate, itemized billing, together with any*
33 *required reports and any written authorization for services that*
34 *may have been received by the physician.*

35 (c) Any interest or increase in compensation paid by an insurer
36 pursuant to this section shall be treated in the same manner as an
37 increase in compensation under subdivision (d) of Section 4650
38 for the purposes of any classification of risks and premium rates,
39 and any system of merit rating approved or issued pursuant to

1 Article 2 (commencing with Section 11730) of Chapter 3 of Part
2 3 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code.

3 (d) (1) Whenever an employer or insurer employs an
4 individual or contracts with an entity to conduct a review of a
5 billing submitted by a physician or medical provider, the employer
6 or insurer shall make available to that individual or entity all
7 documentation submitted together with that billing by the
8 physician or medical provider. When an individual or entity
9 conducting a bill review determines that additional information or
10 documentation is necessary to review the billing, the individual or
11 entity shall contact the claims administrator or insurer to obtain the
12 necessary information or documentation that was submitted by the
13 physician or medical provider pursuant to subdivision (b).

14 (2) An individual or entity reviewing a bill submitted by a
15 physician or medical provider shall not alter the procedure codes
16 billed or recommend reduction of the amount of the bill unless the
17 documentation submitted by the physician or medical provider
18 with the bill has been reviewed by that individual or entity. If the
19 reviewer does not recommend payment as billed by the physician
20 or medical provider, the explanation of review shall provide the
21 physician or medical provider with a specific explanation as to
22 why the reviewer altered the procedure code or amount billed and
23 the specific deficiency in the billing or documentation that caused
24 the reviewer to conclude that the altered procedure code or amount
25 recommended for payment more accurately represents the service
26 performed.

27 ~~(3) Unless the physician or medical provider has billed for~~
28 ~~extraordinary circumstances related to the unusual nature of the~~
29 ~~medical services rendered pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section~~
30 ~~5307.1, this subdivision shall not apply when a bill submitted by~~
31 ~~a physician or medical provider is reduced to the amount or~~
32 ~~amounts specified in the Official Medical Fee Schedule, preferred~~
33 ~~provider contract, or negotiated rate for the procedure codes billed.~~

34 ~~(4)~~

35 (3) The appeals board shall have jurisdiction over disputes
36 arising out of this subdivision pursuant to Section 5304.

37 SEC. 26. Section 4603.4 of the Labor Code is amended to
38 read:

39 4603.4. (a) The administrative director shall adopt rules and
40 regulations to do all of the following:



1 (1) Ensure that all health care providers and facilities submit
2 medical bills for payment on standardized forms.

3 (2) Require acceptance by employers of electronic claims for
4 payment of medical services.

5 (3) Ensure confidentiality of medical information submitted on
6 electronic claims for payment of medical services.

7 (b) To the extent feasible, standards adopted pursuant to
8 subdivision (a) shall be consistent with existing standards under
9 the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of
10 1996.

11 (c) *The rules and regulations requiring employers to accept*
12 *electronic claims for payment of medical services shall be adopted*
13 *on or before January 1, 2005, and shall require all employers to*
14 *accept electronic claims for payment of medical services on or*
15 *before July 1, 2006.*

16 (d) *Payment for medical treatment provided or authorized by*
17 *the treating physician selected by the employee or designated by*
18 *the employer shall be made by the employer within 15 working*
19 *days after electronic receipt of an itemized electronic billing for*
20 *services at or below the maximum fees provided in the official*
21 *medical fee schedule adopted pursuant to Section 5307.1. If the*
22 *billing is contested, denied, or incomplete, payment shall be made*
23 *in accordance with Section 4603.2.*

24 SEC. 27. Section 4604.5 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

25 4604.5. (a) Upon adoption by the administrative director of
26 a medical treatment utilization schedule pursuant to Section
27 5307.27, the recommended guidelines set forth in the schedule
28 shall be presumptively correct on the issue of extent and scope of
29 medical treatment. The presumption is rebuttable and may be
30 controverted by a preponderance of the evidence establishing that
31 a variance from the guidelines is reasonably required to cure and
32 relieve the employee from the effects of his or her injury.

33 (b) *The recommended guidelines set forth in the schedule*
34 *adopted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall reflect practices as*
35 *generally accepted by the health care community, and shall apply*
36 *the current standards of care, including, but not limited to,*
37 *appropriate and inappropriate diagnostic techniques, treatment*
38 *modalities, adjustive modalities, length of treatment, and*
39 *appropriate specialty referrals. These guidelines shall be*
40 *educational and designed to assist providers by offering an*



1 analytical framework for the evaluation and treatment of the more
2 common problems of injured workers, and shall assure
3 appropriate and necessary care for all injured workers diagnosed
4 with industrial conditions.

5 (c) Three months after the publication date of the updated
6 American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine
7 Occupational Medical Practice Guidelines, and continuing until
8 the effective date of a medical treatment utilization schedule,
9 pursuant to Section 5307.27, the recommended guidelines set forth
10 in the American College of Occupational and Environmental
11 Medical Practice Guidelines shall be presumptively correct on the
12 issue of extent and scope of medical treatment. The presumption
13 is rebuttable and may be controverted by a preponderance of the
14 evidence establishing that a variance from the guidelines is
15 reasonably required to cure and relieve the employee from the
16 effects of his or her injury.

17 (d) Notwithstanding the medical treatment utilization schedule
18 or the guidelines set forth in the American College of Occupational
19 and Environmental Medical Practice Guidelines, for injuries
20 occurring on and after January 1, 2004, an employee shall be
21 entitled to no more than 24 chiropractic and 24 physical therapy
22 visits per industrial injury.

23 (e) The presumption afforded to the treating physician in
24 Section 4062.9 shall not be applicable to cases arising under this
25 section.

26 (f) This section shall not apply when an insurance carrier
27 authorizes, in writing, additional visits to a health care
28 practitioner for physical medicine services.

29 (g) For all injuries not covered by the American College of
30 Occupational and Environmental Medicine Occupational
31 Medicine Practice Guidelines or official utilization schedule after
32 adoption pursuant to Section 5307.27, authorized treatment shall
33 be in accordance with other evidence based medical treatment
34 guidelines generally recognized by the medical community.

35 SEC. 28. Section 4610 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

36 4610. (a) For purposes of this section, “utilization review”
37 means utilization review or utilization management functions that
38 prospectively, retrospectively, or concurrently review and approve,
39 modify, delay, or deny, based in whole or in part on medical
40 necessity to cure and relieve, treatment recommendations by



1 *physicians, as defined in Section 3209.3, prior to, retrospectively,*
2 *or concurrent with the provision of medical treatment services*
3 *pursuant to Section 4600.*

4 *(b) Every employer shall establish a utilization review process*
5 *in compliance with this section, either directly or through its*
6 *insurer or an entity with which an employer or insurer contracts*
7 *for these services.*

8 *(c) Each utilization review process shall be governed by written*
9 *policies and procedures. These policies and procedures shall*
10 *ensure that decisions based on the medical necessity to cure and*
11 *relieve of proposed medical treatment services are consistent with*
12 *the schedule for medical treatment utilization adopted pursuant to*
13 *Section 5307.27. Prior to adoption of the schedule, these policies*
14 *and procedures shall be consistent with the recommended*
15 *standards set forth in the American College of Occupational and*
16 *Environmental Medicine Occupational Medical Practice*
17 *Guidelines. These policies and procedures, and a description of*
18 *the utilization process, shall be filed with the administrative*
19 *director and shall be disclosed by the employer to employees,*
20 *physicians, and the public upon request.*

21 *(d) If an employer, insurer, or other entity subject to this section*
22 *requests medical information from a physician in order to*
23 *determine whether to approve, modify, delay, or deny requests for*
24 *authorization, the employer shall request only the information*
25 *reasonably necessary to make the determination. The employer,*
26 *insurer, or other entity shall employ or designate a medical*
27 *director who holds an unrestricted license to practice medicine in*
28 *this state issued pursuant to Section 2050 or Section 2450 of the*
29 *Business and Professions Code. The medical director shall ensure*
30 *that the process by which the employer or other entity reviews and*
31 *approves, modifies, delays, or denies requests by physicians prior*
32 *to, retrospectively, or concurrent with the provision of medical*
33 *treatment services, complies with the requirements of this section.*
34 *Nothing in this section shall be construed as restricting the existing*
35 *authority of the Medical Board of California.*

36 *(e) No person other than a licensed physician who is competent*
37 *to evaluate the specific clinical issues involved in the medical*
38 *treatment services, and where these services are within the scope*
39 *of the physician's practice, requested by the physician may modify,*



1 *delay, or deny requests for authorization of medical treatment for*
2 *reasons of medical necessity to cure and relieve.*

3 *(f) The criteria or guidelines used in the utilization review*
4 *process to determine whether to approve, modify, delay, or deny*
5 *medical treatment services shall be all of the following:*

6 *(1) Developed with involvement from actively practicing*
7 *physicians.*

8 *(2) Consistent with the schedule for medical treatment*
9 *utilization adopted pursuant to Section 5307.27. Prior to adoption*
10 *of the schedule, these policies and procedures shall be consistent*
11 *with the recommended standards set forth in the American College*
12 *of Occupational and Environmental Medicine Occupational*
13 *Medical Practice Guidelines.*

14 *(3) Evaluated at least annually, and updated if necessary.*

15 *(4) Disclosed to the physician and the employee, if used as the*
16 *basis of a decision to modify, delay, or deny services in a specified*
17 *case under review.*

18 *(5) Available to the public upon request. An employer shall only*
19 *be required to disclose the criteria or guidelines for the specific*
20 *procedures or conditions requested. An employer may charge*
21 *members of the public reasonable copying and postage expenses*
22 *related to disclosing criteria or guidelines pursuant to this*
23 *paragraph. Criteria or guidelines may also be made available*
24 *through electronic means. No charge shall be required for an*
25 *employee whose physician's request for medical treatment services*
26 *is under review.*

27 *(g) In determining whether to approve, modify, delay, or deny*
28 *requests by physicians prior to, retrospectively, or concurrent with*
29 *the provisions of medical treatment services to employees all of the*
30 *following requirements must be met:*

31 *(1) Prospective or concurrent decisions shall be made in a*
32 *timely fashion that is appropriate for the nature of the employee's*
33 *condition, not to exceed five working days from the receipt of the*
34 *information reasonably necessary to make the determination, but*
35 *in no event more than 14 days from the date of the medical*
36 *treatment recommendation by the physician. In cases where the*
37 *review is retrospective, the decision shall be communicated to the*
38 *individual who received services, or to the individual's designee,*
39 *within 30 days of receipt of information that is reasonably*
40 *necessary to make this determination.*



1 (2) When the employee's condition is such that the employee
2 faces an imminent and serious threat to his or her health,
3 including, but not limited to, the potential loss of life, limb, or other
4 major bodily function, or the normal timeframe for the
5 decisionmaking process, as described in paragraph (1), would be
6 detrimental to the employee's life or health or could jeopardize the
7 employee's ability to regain maximum function, decisions to
8 approve, modify, delay, or deny requests by physicians prior to, or
9 concurrent with, the provision of medical treatment services to
10 employees shall be made in a timely fashion that is appropriate for
11 the nature of the employee's condition, but not to exceed 72 hours
12 after the receipt of the information reasonably necessary to make
13 the determination.

14 (3) (A) Decisions to approve, modify, delay, or deny requests
15 by physicians for authorization prior to, or concurrent with, the
16 provision of medical treatment services to employees shall be
17 communicated to the requesting physician within 24 hours of the
18 decision. Decisions resulting in modification, delay, or denial of
19 all or part of the requested health care service shall be
20 communicated to physicians initially by telephone or facsimile,
21 and to the physician and employee in writing within 24 hours for
22 concurrent review, or within two business days of the decision for
23 prospective review, as prescribed by the administrative director. If
24 the request is not approved in full, disputes shall be resolved in
25 accordance with Section 4062. If a request to perform spinal
26 surgery is denied, disputes shall be resolved in accordance with
27 subdivision (b) of Section 4062.

28 (B) In the case of concurrent review, medical care shall not be
29 discontinued until the employee's physician has been notified of
30 the decision and a care plan has been agreed upon by the physician
31 that is appropriate for the medical needs of the employee. Medical
32 care provided during a concurrent review shall be care that is
33 medically necessary to cure and relieve, and an insurer or
34 self-insured employer shall only be liable for those services
35 determined medically necessary to cure and relieve. If the insurer
36 or self-insured employer disputes whether or not one or more
37 services offered concurrently with a utilization review were
38 medically necessary to cure and relieve, the dispute shall be
39 resolved pursuant to Section 4062, except in cases involving
40 recommendations for the performance of spinal surgery, which



1 shall be governed by the provisions of subdivision (b) of Section
2 4062. Any compromise between the parties that an insurer or
3 self-insured employer believes may result in payment for services
4 that were not medically necessary to cure and relieve shall be
5 reported by the insurer or the self-insured employer to the licensing
6 board of the provider or providers who received the payments, in
7 a manner set forth by the respective board and in such a way as to
8 minimize reporting costs both to the board and to the insurer or
9 self-insured employer, for evaluation as to possible violations of
10 the statutes governing appropriate professional practices. No fees
11 shall be levied upon insurers or self-insured employers making
12 reports required by this section.

13 (4) Communications regarding decisions to approve requests
14 by physicians shall specify the specific medical treatment service
15 approved. Responses regarding decisions to modify, delay, or deny
16 medical treatment services requested by physicians shall include
17 a clear and concise explanation of the reasons for the employer's
18 decision, a description of the criteria or guidelines used, and the
19 clinical reasons for the decisions regarding medical necessity.

20 (5) If the employer, insurer, or other entity cannot make a
21 decision within the timeframes specified in paragraph (1) or (2)
22 because the employer or other entity is not in receipt of all of the
23 information reasonably necessary and requested, because the
24 employer requires consultation by an expert reviewer, or because
25 the employer has asked that an additional examination or test be
26 performed upon the employee that is reasonable and consistent
27 with good medical practice, the employer shall immediately notify
28 the physician and the employee, in writing, that the employer
29 cannot make a decision within the required timeframe, and specify
30 the information requested but not received, the expert reviewer to
31 be consulted, or the additional examinations or tests required. The
32 employer shall also notify the physician and employee of the
33 anticipated date on which a decision may be rendered. Upon
34 receipt of all information reasonably necessary and requested by
35 the employer, the employer shall approve, modify, or deny the
36 request for authorization within the timeframes specified in
37 paragraph (1) or (2).

38 (h) Every employer, insurer, or other entity subject to this
39 section shall maintain telephone access for physicians to request
40 authorization for health care services.



1 (i) If the administrative director determines that the employer,
2 insurer, or other entity subject to this section has failed to meet any
3 of the timeframes in this section, or has failed to meet any other
4 requirement of this section, the administrative director may assess,
5 by order, administrative penalties for each failure. A proceeding
6 for the issuance of an order assessing administrative penalties
7 shall be subject to appropriate notice to, and an opportunity for a
8 hearing with regard to, the person affected. The administrative
9 penalties shall not be deemed to be an exclusive remedy for the
10 administrative director. These penalties shall be deposited in the
11 Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund.

12 SEC. 29. Section 4628 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

13 4628. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (c), no person,
14 other than the physician who signs the medical-legal report, except
15 a nurse performing those functions routinely performed by a
16 nurse, such as taking blood pressure, shall examine the injured
17 employee or participate in the nonclerical preparation of the
18 report, including all of the following:

19 (1) Taking a complete history.

20 (2) Reviewing and summarizing prior medical records.

21 (3) Composing and drafting the conclusions of the report.

22 (b) The report shall disclose the date when and location where
23 the evaluation was performed; that the physician or physicians
24 signing the report actually performed the evaluation; whether the
25 evaluation performed and the time spent performing the
26 evaluation was in compliance with the guidelines established by
27 the ~~Industrial Medical Council or the~~ administrative director
28 pursuant to paragraph (5) of subdivision (j) of Section 139.2 or
29 Section 5307.6 and shall disclose the name and qualifications of
30 each person who performed any services in connection with the
31 report, including diagnostic studies, other than its clerical
32 preparation. If the report discloses that the evaluation performed
33 or the time spent performing the evaluation was not in compliance
34 with the guidelines established by the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~
35 ~~or~~ the administrative director, the report shall explain, in detail,
36 any variance and the reason or reasons therefor.

37 (c) If the initial outline of a patient's history or excerpting of
38 prior medical records is not done by the physician, the physician
39 shall review the excerpts and the entire outline and shall make



1 additional inquiries and examinations as are necessary and
2 appropriate to identify and determine the relevant medical issues.

3 (d) No amount may be charged in excess of the direct charges
4 for the physician's professional services and the reasonable costs
5 of laboratory examinations, diagnostic studies, and other medical
6 tests, and reasonable costs of clerical expense necessary to
7 producing the report. Direct charges for the physician's
8 professional services shall include reasonable overhead expense.

9 (e) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall
10 make the report inadmissible as evidence and shall eliminate any
11 liability for payment of any medical-legal expense incurred in
12 connection with the report.

13 (f) Knowing failure to comply with the requirements of this
14 section shall subject the physician to a civil penalty of up to one
15 thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation to be assessed by a
16 workers' compensation judge or the appeals board. All civil
17 penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the
18 Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund.

19 (g) A physician who is assessed a civil penalty under this
20 section may be terminated, suspended, or placed on probation as
21 a qualified medical evaluator pursuant to subdivisions (k) and (l)
22 of Section 139.2.

23 (h) Knowing failure to comply with the requirements of this
24 section shall subject the physician to contempt pursuant to the
25 judicial powers vested in the appeals board.

26 (i) Any person billing for medical-legal evaluations, diagnostic
27 procedures, or diagnostic services performed by persons other
28 than those employed by the reporting physician or physicians, or
29 a medical corporation owned by the reporting physician or
30 physicians shall specify the amount paid or to be paid to those
31 persons for the evaluations, procedures, or services. This
32 subdivision shall not apply to any procedure or service defined or
33 valued pursuant to Section 5307.1.

34 (j) The report shall contain a declaration by the physician
35 signing the report, under penalty of perjury, stating:

36 "I declare under penalty of perjury that the information
37 contained in this report and its attachments, if any, is true and
38 correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, except as to
39 information that I have indicated I received from others. As to that
40 information, I declare under penalty of perjury that the



1 information accurately describes the information provided to me
2 and, except as noted herein, that I believe it to be true.”

3 The foregoing declaration shall be dated and signed by the
4 reporting physician and shall indicate the county wherein it was
5 signed.

6 (k) The physician shall provide a curriculum vitae upon request
7 by a party and include a statement concerning the percent of the
8 physician’s total practice time that is annually devoted to medical
9 treatment.

10 *SEC. 33. Section 4903.05 is added to the Labor Code, to read:*

11 *4903.05. (a) A filing fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) shall*
12 *be charged for each initial lien filed by providers pursuant to*
13 *subdivision (b) of Section 4903.*

14 *(b) No filing fee shall be required for liens filed by the Veterans*
15 *Administration, the Medi-Cal program, or public hospitals.*

16 *(c) The filing fee shall be collected by the court administrator.*
17 *All fees shall be deposited in the Workers’ Compensation*
18 *Administration Revolving Fund. Any fees collected from providers*
19 *that have not been redistributed to providers pursuant to*
20 *paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 4603.2, shall be used*
21 *to offset the amount of fees assessed on employers under Section*
22 *62.5.*

23 *(d) The court administrator shall adopt reasonable rules and*
24 *regulations governing the procedures for the collection of the filing*
25 *fee.*

26 *SEC. 34. Section 5307.1 of the Labor Code is repealed.*

27 ~~5307.1. (a) (1) The administrative director, after public~~
28 ~~hearings, shall adopt and revise, no less frequently than biennially,~~
29 ~~an official medical fee schedule which shall establish reasonable~~
30 ~~maximum fees paid for medical services provided pursuant to this~~
31 ~~division. No later than January 1, 1995, the administrative director~~
32 ~~shall have revised the schedule. By no later than January 1, 1995,~~
33 ~~the schedule shall include services for health care facilities~~
34 ~~licensed pursuant to Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code,~~
35 ~~and drugs and pharmacy services. The fee schedule for health care~~
36 ~~facilities shall take into consideration cost and service differentials~~
37 ~~for various types of facilities.~~

38 ~~(2) The administrative director shall include services provided~~
39 ~~by physical therapists, physician assistants, and nurse practitioners~~
40 ~~in the official fee schedule adopted and revised pursuant to~~

~~paragraph (1). Nothing in this paragraph shall affect the ability of physicians to continue to be reimbursed for their services in accordance with the official medical fee schedule adopted pursuant to paragraph (1) for the provision of services within their scope of practice.~~

~~(3) The administrative director shall consult with statewide professional organizations representing affected providers on the update of the official medical fee schedule.~~

~~(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a medical provider or a licensed health care facility from being paid by an employer or carrier fees in excess of those set forth on the official medical fee schedule, provided that the fee is:~~

~~(1) Reasonable.~~

~~(2) Accompanied by itemization and justified by an explanation of extraordinary circumstances related to the unusual nature of the medical services rendered.~~

~~In no event shall a physician charge in excess of his or her usual fee.~~

~~(c) In the event of a dispute between the physician and the employer or carrier concerning the medical fees charged, the physician may be allowed a reasonable fee for testimony, if a physician testifies pursuant to the employer's or carrier's subpoena, and the referee determines that the medical fee charged was reasonable.~~

~~(d) Except as provided in Section 4626, the official medical fee schedule shall not apply to medical legal expenses as defined by Section 4620.~~

SEC. 35. Section 5307.1 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

5307.1. (a) The administrative director, after public hearings, shall adopt and revise periodically an official medical fee schedule that shall establish reasonable maximum fees paid for medical services other than physician services, drugs and pharmacy services, health care facility fees, home health care, and all other treatment, care, services, and goods described in Section 4600 and provided pursuant to this section. Except for physician services, all fees shall be in accordance with the fee-related structure and rules of the relevant Medicare and Medi-Cal payment systems, provided that employer liability for medical treatment, including issues of reasonableness, necessity, frequency, and duration, shall be determined in accordance with

1 Section 4600. Commencing January 1, 2004, and continuing until
2 the time the administrative director has adopted an official
3 medical fee schedule in accordance with the fee-related structure
4 and rules of the relevant Medicare payment systems, except for the
5 components listed in subdivisions (k) and (l), maximum
6 reasonable fees shall be 120 percent of the estimated aggregate
7 fees prescribed in the relevant Medicare payment system for the
8 same class of services before application of the inflation factors
9 provided in subdivision (e), except that for pharmacy services and
10 drugs that are not otherwise covered by a Medicare fee schedule
11 payment for facility services, the maximum reasonable fees shall
12 be 100 percent of fees prescribed in the relevant Medi-Cal payment
13 system. Upon adoption by the administrative director of an official
14 medical fee schedule pursuant to this section, the maximum
15 reasonable fees paid shall not exceed 120 percent of estimated
16 aggregate fees prescribed in the Medicare payment system for the
17 same class of services before application of the inflation factors
18 provided in subdivision (e). Pharmacy services and drugs shall be
19 subject to the requirements of this section, whether furnished
20 through a pharmacy or dispensed directly by the practitioner
21 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 4024 of the Business and
22 Professions Code.

23 (b) In order to comply with the standards specified in
24 subdivision (f), the administrative director may adopt different
25 conversion factors, diagnostic related group weights, and other
26 factors affecting payment amounts from those used in the Medicare
27 payment system, provided estimated aggregate fees do not exceed
28 120 percent of the estimated aggregate fees paid for the same class
29 of services in the relevant Medicare payment system.

30 (c) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (d), the maximum
31 facility fee for services performed in an ambulatory surgical
32 center, or in a hospital outpatient department, may not exceed 120
33 percent of the fee paid by Medicare for the same services
34 performed in a hospital outpatient department.

35 (d) If the administrative director determines that a medical
36 treatment, facility use, product, or service is not covered by a
37 Medicare payment system, the administrative director shall
38 establish maximum fees for that item, provided that the maximum
39 fee paid shall not exceed 120 percent of the fees paid by Medicare
40 for services that require comparable resources. If the



1 administrative director determines that a pharmacy service or
2 drug is not covered by a Medi-Cal payment system, the
3 administrative director shall establish maximum fees for that item,
4 provided, however, that the maximum fee paid shall not exceed 100
5 percent of the fees paid by Medi-Cal for pharmacy services or
6 drugs that require comparable resources.

7 (e) Prior to the adoption by the administrative director of a
8 medical fee schedule pursuant to this section, for any treatment,
9 facility use, product, or service not covered by a Medicare payment
10 system, including acupuncture services, or, with regard to
11 pharmacy services and drugs, for a pharmacy service or drug that
12 is not covered by a Medi-Cal payment system, the maximum
13 reasonable fee paid shall not exceed the fee specified in the official
14 medical fee schedule in effect on December 31, 2003.

15 (f) Within the limits provided by this section, the rates or fees
16 established shall be adequate to ensure a reasonable standard of
17 services and care for injured employees.

18 (g) (1) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
19 official medical fee schedule shall be adjusted to conform to any
20 relevant changes in the Medicare and Medi-Cal payment systems
21 no later than 60 days after the effective date of those changes,
22 provided that both of the following conditions are met:

23 (i) The annual inflation adjustment for facility fees for inpatient
24 hospital services provided by acute care hospitals and for hospital
25 outpatient services shall be determined solely by the estimated
26 increase in the hospital market basket for the 12 months beginning
27 October 1 of the preceding calendar year.

28 (ii) The annual update in the operating standardized amount
29 and capital standard rate for inpatient hospital services provided
30 by hospitals excluded from the Medicare prospective payment
31 system for acute care hospitals and the conversion factor for
32 hospital outpatient services shall be determined solely by the
33 estimated increase in the hospital market basket for excluded
34 hospitals for the 12 months beginning October 1 of the preceding
35 calendar year.

36 (B) The update factors contained in clauses (i) and (ii) of
37 subparagraph (A) shall be applied beginning with the first update
38 in the Medicare fee schedule payment amounts after December 31,
39 2003.



1 (2) *The administrative director shall determine the effective*
2 *date of the changes, and shall issue an order, exempt from Sections*
3 *5307.3 and 5307.4 and the rulemaking provisions of the*
4 *Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with*
5 *Section 11370) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government*
6 *Code), informing the public of the changes and their effective date.*
7 *All orders issued pursuant to this paragraph shall be published on*
8 *the Internet Web site of the division of Workers' Compensation.*

9 (3) *For the purposes of this subdivision, the following*
10 *definitions apply:*

11 (A) *"Medicare Economic Index" means the input price index*
12 *used by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services*
13 *to measure changes in the costs of a providing physician and other*
14 *services paid under the resource-based relative value scale.*

15 (B) *"Hospital market basket" means the input price index used*
16 *by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to*
17 *measure changes in the costs of providing inpatient hospital*
18 *services provided by acute care hospitals that are included in the*
19 *Medicare prospective payment system.*

20 (C) *"Hospital market basket for excluded hospitals" means the*
21 *input price index used by the federal Centers for Medicare and*
22 *Medicaid Services to measure changes in the costs of providing*
23 *inpatient services by hospitals that are excluded from the Medicare*
24 *prospective payment system.*

25 (h) *Nothing in this section shall prohibit an employer or insurer*
26 *from contracting with a medical provider for reimbursement rates*
27 *different from those prescribed in the official medical fee schedule.*

28 (i) *Except as provided in Section 4626, the official medical fee*
29 *schedule shall not apply to medical-legal expenses, as that term is*
30 *defined by Section 4620.*

31 (j) *The following Medicare payment system components may*
32 *not become part of the official medical fee schedule until January*
33 *1, 2005:*

34 (1) *Inpatient skilled nursing facility care.*

35 (2) *Home health agency services.*

36 (3) *Inpatient services furnished by hospitals that are exempt*
37 *from the prospective payment system for general acute care*
38 *hospitals.*

39 (4) *Outpatient renal dialysis services.*

1 (k) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), for the calendar years
2 2004 and 2005, the existing official medical fee schedule rates for
3 physician services shall remain in effect, but these rates shall be
4 reduced by 5 percent. The administrative director may reduce fees
5 of individual procedures by different amounts, but in no event shall
6 the administrative director reduce the fee for a procedure that is
7 currently reimbursed at a rate at or below the Medicare rate for the
8 same procedure.

9 (l) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the administrative
10 director, commencing January 1, 2006, shall have the authority,
11 after public hearings, to adopt and revise, no less frequently than
12 biennially, an official medical fee schedule for physician services.
13 If the administrative director fails to adopt an official medical fee
14 schedule for physician services by January 1, 2006, the existing
15 official medical fee schedule rates for physician services shall
16 remain in effect until a new schedule is adopted or the existing
17 schedule is revised.

18 SEC. 36. Section 5307.2 of the Labor Code is repealed.

19 ~~5307.2. The administrative director, after public hearings,~~
20 ~~shall adopt, not later than July 1, 2003, and revise, no less~~
21 ~~frequently than biennially, an official pharmaceutical fee schedule~~
22 ~~that shall establish reasonable maximum fees paid for medicines~~
23 ~~and medical supplies provided pursuant to this division. This~~
24 ~~schedule shall be included within the official medical fee schedule~~
25 ~~adopted by the administrative director pursuant to Section 5307.1.~~
26 ~~In adopting the reasonable maximum fees included within the~~
27 ~~official pharmaceutical fee schedule, the administrative director~~
28 ~~may consult any relevant studies or practices in other states or in~~
29 ~~other payment systems in California. The schedule shall include~~
30 ~~a single dispensing fee. The schedule shall provide for access to a~~
31 ~~pharmacy within a reasonable geographic distance from an injured~~
32 ~~employee's residence.~~

33 SEC. 37. Section 5307.2 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

34 5307.2. The administrative director shall contract with an
35 independent consulting firm, to the extent permitted by state law,
36 to perform an annual study of access to medical treatment for
37 injured workers. The study shall analyze whether there is adequate
38 access to quality health care and products for injured workers and
39 make recommendations to ensure continued access. If the
40 administrative director determines, based on this study, that there

1 *is insufficient access to quality health care or products for injured*
2 *workers, the administrative director may make appropriate*
3 *adjustments to medical and facilities' fees. When there has been*
4 *a determination that substantial access problems exist, the*
5 *administrative director may, in accordance with the notification*
6 *and hearing requirements of Section 5307.1, adopt fees in excess*
7 *of 120 percent of the applicable Medicare payment system fee for*
8 *the applicable services or products.*

9 SEC. 38. Section 5307.21 of the Labor Code, as added by
10 Section 74 of Chapter 6 of the Statutes of 2002, is repealed.

11 ~~5307.21. (a) The administrative director shall have the sole~~
12 ~~authority to develop an outpatient surgery facility fee schedule for~~
13 ~~services not performed under contract, provided that the schedule~~
14 ~~meets all of the following requirements:~~

15 ~~(1) The schedule shall include all facility charges for outpatient~~
16 ~~surgeries performed in any facility authorized by law to perform~~
17 ~~the surgeries. The schedule may not include the fee of any~~
18 ~~physician and surgeon providing services in connection with the~~
19 ~~surgery.~~

20 ~~(2) The schedule shall promote payment predictability,~~
21 ~~minimize administrative costs, and ensure access to outpatient~~
22 ~~surgery services by insured workers.~~

23 ~~(3) The schedule shall be sufficient to cover the costs of each~~
24 ~~surgical procedure, as well as access to quality care.~~

25 ~~(4) The schedule shall include specific provisions for review~~
26 ~~and revision of related fees no less frequently than biennially.~~

27 ~~(5) The schedule shall be adopted after public hearings~~
28 ~~pursuant to Section 5307.3 and shall be included within the official~~
29 ~~medical fee schedule.~~

30 ~~(b) The process used by the administrative director to develop~~
31 ~~an outpatient surgery fee schedule shall contain the following~~
32 ~~elements:~~

33 ~~(1) A formal analysis of one year of published data collected~~
34 ~~pursuant to Section 128737 of the Health and Safety Code, with~~
35 ~~the assistance of an independent consultant with demonstrated~~
36 ~~expertise in outpatient surgery service.~~

37 ~~(2) Any published data collected from providers of outpatient~~
38 ~~surgery services.~~

39 ~~(3) Payment data including, but not limited to, type of payer~~
40 ~~and amount charged.~~

1 ~~(4) Cost data including, but not limited to, actual expenses for~~
2 ~~labor, supplies, equipment, implants, anesthesia, overhead, and~~
3 ~~administration.~~

4 ~~(5) Outcome data including, but not limited to, expected level~~
5 ~~of rehabilitation, expected coverage timeframe, and incidence of~~
6 ~~infection.~~

7 ~~(6) Access data including, but not limited to, date of injury, date~~
8 ~~of surgery recommendation, and data of procedure.~~

9 ~~(7) Other data that is mutually agreed to by the Office of~~
10 ~~Statewide Health Planning and Development and the~~
11 ~~administrative director. The administrative director shall consult~~
12 ~~with the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development to~~
13 ~~ensure that the data collected is comprehensive and relevant to the~~
14 ~~development of a fee schedule.~~

15 ~~(e) The outpatient surgery facility fee schedule shall reflect~~
16 ~~input from workers' compensation insurance carriers, businesses,~~
17 ~~organized labor, providers of outpatient surgical services, and~~
18 ~~patients receiving outpatient surgical services.~~

19 *SEC. 39. Section 5307.21 of the Labor Code, as added by*
20 *Section 13 of Chapter 866 of the Statutes of 2002, is repealed.*

21 ~~5307.21. (a) The administrative director shall have the sole~~
22 ~~authority to develop an outpatient surgery facility fee schedule for~~
23 ~~services not performed under contract, provided that the schedule~~
24 ~~meets all of the following requirements:~~

25 ~~(1) The schedule shall include all facility charges for outpatient~~
26 ~~surgeries performed in any facility authorized by law to perform~~
27 ~~the surgeries. The schedule may not include the fee of any~~
28 ~~physician and surgeon providing services in connection with the~~
29 ~~surgery.~~

30 ~~(2) The schedule shall promote payment predictability,~~
31 ~~minimize administrative costs, and ensure access to outpatient~~
32 ~~surgery services by injured workers.~~

33 ~~(3) The schedule shall be sufficient to cover the costs of each~~
34 ~~surgical procedure, as well as access to quality care.~~

35 ~~(4) The schedule shall include specific provisions for review~~
36 ~~and revision of related fees no less frequently than biennially.~~

37 ~~(5) The schedule shall be adopted after public hearings~~
38 ~~pursuant to Section 5307.3 and shall be included within the official~~
39 ~~medical fee schedule.~~

~~(b) The process used by the administrative director to develop an outpatient surgery fee schedule shall contain the following elements:~~

~~(1) A formal analysis of one year of published data collected pursuant to Section 128737 of the Health and Safety Code, with the assistance of an independent consultant with demonstrated expertise in outpatient surgery service.~~

~~(2) Any published data collected from providers of outpatient surgery services.~~

~~(3) Payment data including, but not limited to, type of payer and amount charged.~~

~~(4) Cost data including, but not limited to, actual expenses for labor, supplies, equipment, implants, anesthesia, overhead, and administration.~~

~~(5) Outcome data including, but not limited to, expected level of rehabilitation, expected coverage timeframe, and incidence of infection.~~

~~(6) Access data including, but not limited to, date of injury, date of surgery recommendation, and date of procedure.~~

~~(7) Other data that is mutually agreed to by the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development and the administrative director. The administrative director shall consult with the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development to ensure that the data collected is comprehensive and relevant to the development of a fee schedule.~~

~~(c) The outpatient surgery facility fee schedule shall reflect input from workers' compensation insurance carriers, businesses, organized labor, providers of outpatient surgical services, and patients receiving outpatient surgical services.~~

~~(d) At least 90 days prior to commencing the public hearings related to an outpatient surgery fee schedule as prescribed by Section 5307.3, the administrative director shall provide the Assembly Committee on Insurance and the Senate Committee on Labor and Industrial Relations a comprehensive report on the data analysis required by this section and the administrative director's recommendations for an outpatient surgery fee schedule.~~

SEC. 41. Section 5307.27 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

5307.27. On or before December 1, 2004, the administrative director, in consultation with the Commission on Health and Safety and Workers' Compensation, shall adopt, after public hearings, a

1 *medical treatment utilization schedule, that shall incorporate the*
2 *evidence-based, peer-reviewed, nationally recognized standards*
3 *of care recommended by the commission pursuant to Section 77.5,*
4 *and that shall address, at a minimum, the frequency, duration,*
5 *intensity, and appropriateness of all treatment procedures and*
6 *modalities commonly performed in workers' compensation cases.*

7 *SEC. 42. Section 5307.3 of the Labor Code is amended to*
8 *read:*

9 5307.3. The administrative director may adopt, amend, or
10 repeal any rules and regulations that are reasonably necessary to
11 enforce this division, except where this power is specifically
12 reserved to the appeals board or the ~~Industrial Medical Council~~
13 *court administrator.*

14 No rule or regulation of the administrative director pursuant to
15 this section shall be adopted, amended, or rescinded without public
16 hearings. Any written request filed with the administrative
17 director seeking a change in its rules or regulations shall be deemed
18 to be denied if not set by the administrative director for public
19 hearing to be held within six months of the date on which the
20 request is received by the administrative director.

21 *SEC. 43. Section 5318 of the Labor Code is repealed.*

22 ~~5318. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the~~
23 ~~termination date of December 31, 2001, provided in Section~~
24 ~~9792.1 of Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations shall be~~
25 ~~extended until the effective date of new regulations adopted by the~~
26 ~~administrative director, as required by Section 5307.1, providing~~
27 ~~for the biennial review of the fee schedule for health care facilities.~~

28 *SEC. 44. Section 5318 is added to the Labor Code, to read:*

29 5318. (a) Implantable medical devices, hardware, and
30 instrumentation for Diagnostic Related Groups (DRGs) 004, 496,
31 497, 498, 519, and 520 shall be separately reimbursed at the
32 provider's documented paid cost, plus an additional 10 percent of
33 the provider's documented paid cost, not to exceed a maximum of
34 two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), plus any sales tax and shipping
35 and handling charges actually paid.

36 (b) This section shall be operative only until the administrative
37 director adopts a regulation specifying separate reimbursement, if
38 any, for implantable medical hardware or instrumentation for
39 complex spinal surgeries.

40 *SEC. 45. Section 5703 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

1 5703. The appeals board may receive as evidence either at or
2 subsequent to a hearing, and use as proof of any fact in dispute, the
3 following matters, in addition to sworn testimony presented in
4 open hearing:

5 (a) Reports of attending or examining physicians.

6 (1) Statements concerning any bill for services are admissible
7 only if made under penalty of perjury that they are true and correct
8 to the best knowledge of the physician.

9 (2) In addition, reports are admissible under this subdivision
10 only if the physician has further stated in the body of the report that
11 there has not been a violation of Section 139.3 and that the contents
12 of the report are true and correct to the best knowledge of the
13 physician. The statement shall be made under penalty of perjury.

14 (b) Reports of special investigators appointed by the appeals
15 board or a workers' compensation judge to investigate and report
16 upon any scientific or medical question.

17 (c) Reports of employers, containing copies of timesheets,
18 book accounts, reports, and other records properly authenticated.

19 (d) Properly authenticated copies of hospital records of the case
20 of the injured employee.

21 (e) All publications of the Division of Workers' Compensation.

22 (f) All official publications of the State of California and
23 United States governments.

24 (g) Excerpts from expert testimony received by the appeals
25 board upon similar issues of scientific fact in other cases and the
26 prior decisions of the appeals board upon similar issues.

27 (h) *Relevant portions of medical treatment protocols published*
28 *by medical specialty societies. To be admissible, the party offering*
29 *such a protocol or portion of a protocol shall concurrently enter*
30 *into evidence information regarding how the protocol was*
31 *developed, and to what extent the protocol is evidence-based,*
32 *peer-reviewed, and nationally recognized, as required by*
33 *regulations adopted by the appeals board. If a party offers into*
34 *evidence a portion of a treatment protocol, any other party may*
35 *offer into evidence additional portions of the protocol. The party*
36 *offering a protocol, or portion thereof, into evidence shall either*
37 *make a printed copy of the full protocol available for review and*
38 *copying, or shall provide an Internet address at which the entire*
39 *protocol may be accessed without charge.*



1 SEC. 47. Section 6401.7 of the Labor Code is amended to
2 read:

3 6401.7. (a) Every employer shall establish, implement, and
4 maintain an effective injury prevention program. The program
5 shall be written, except as provided in subdivision (e), and shall
6 include, but not be limited to, the following elements:

7 (1) Identification of the person or persons responsible for
8 implementing the program.

9 (2) The employer's system for identifying and evaluating
10 workplace hazards, including scheduled periodic inspections to
11 identify unsafe conditions and work practices.

12 (3) The employer's methods and procedures for correcting
13 unsafe or unhealthy conditions and work practices in a timely
14 manner.

15 (4) An occupational health and safety training program
16 designed to instruct employees in general safe and healthy work
17 practices and to provide specific instruction with respect to
18 hazards specific to each employee's job assignment.

19 (5) The employer's system for communicating with employees
20 on occupational health and safety matters, including provisions
21 designed to encourage employees to inform the employer of
22 hazards at the worksite without fear of reprisal.

23 (6) The employer's system for ensuring that employees comply
24 with safe and healthy work practices, which may include
25 disciplinary action.

26 (b) The employer shall correct unsafe and unhealthy conditions
27 and work practices in a timely manner based on the severity of the
28 hazard.

29 (c) The employer shall train all employees when the training
30 program is first established, all new employees, and all employees
31 given a new job assignment, and shall train employees whenever
32 new substances, processes, procedures, or equipment are
33 introduced to the workplace and represent a new hazard, and
34 whenever the employer receives notification of a new or
35 previously unrecognized hazard. Beginning January 1, 1994, an
36 employer in the construction industry who is required to be
37 licensed under Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of
38 Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code may use
39 employee training provided to the employer's employees under a
40 construction industry occupational safety and health training



1 program approved by the division to comply with the requirements
2 of subdivision (a) relating to employee training, and shall only be
3 required to provide training on hazards specific to an employee's
4 job duties.

5 (d) The employer shall keep appropriate records of steps taken
6 to implement and maintain the program. Beginning January 1,
7 1994, an employer in the construction industry who is required to
8 be licensed under Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 7000) of
9 Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code may use records
10 relating to employee training provided to the employer in
11 connection with an occupational safety and health training
12 program approved by the division to comply with the requirements
13 of this subdivision, and shall only be required to keep records of
14 those steps taken to implement and maintain the program with
15 respect to hazards specific to an employee's job duties.

16 (e) (1) The standards board shall adopt a standard setting forth
17 the employer's duties under this section, on or before January 1,
18 1991, consistent with the requirements specified in subdivisions
19 (a), (b), (c), and (d). The standards board, in adopting the standard,
20 shall include substantial compliance criteria for use in evaluating
21 an employer's injury prevention program. The board may adopt
22 less stringent criteria for employers with few employees and for
23 employers in industries with insignificant occupational safety or
24 health hazards.

25 (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), for employers with fewer
26 than 20 employees who are in industries that are not on a
27 designated list of high hazard industries and who have a workers'
28 compensation experience modification rate of 1.1 or less, and for
29 any employers with fewer than 20 employees who are in industries
30 that are on a designated list of low hazard industries, the board
31 shall adopt a standard setting forth the employer's duties under this
32 section consistent with the requirements specified in subdivisions
33 (a), (b), and (c), except that the standard shall only require written
34 documentation to the extent of documenting the person or persons
35 responsible for implementing the program pursuant to paragraph
36 (1) of subdivision (a), keeping a record of periodic inspections
37 pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), and keeping a record
38 of employee training pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (a).
39 To any extent beyond the specifications of this subdivision, the



1 standard shall not require the employer to keep the records
2 specified in subdivision (d).

3 (3) The division shall establish a list of high hazard industries
4 using the methods prescribed in Section 6314.1 for identifying and
5 targeting employers in high hazard industries. For purposes of this
6 subdivision, the “designated list of high hazard industries” shall
7 be the list established pursuant to this paragraph.

8 For the purpose of implementing this subdivision, the
9 Department of Industrial Relations shall periodically review, and
10 as necessary revise, the list.

11 (4) For the purpose of implementing this subdivision, the
12 Department of Industrial Relations shall also establish a list of low
13 hazard industries, and shall periodically review, and as necessary
14 revise, that list.

15 (f) The standard adopted pursuant to subdivision (e) shall
16 specifically permit employer and employee occupational safety
17 and health committees to be included in the employer’s injury
18 prevention program. The board shall establish criteria for use in
19 evaluating employer and employee occupational safety and health
20 committees. The criteria shall include minimum duties, including
21 the following:

22 (1) Review of the employer’s (A) periodic, scheduled worksite
23 inspections, (B) investigation of causes of incidents resulting in
24 injury, illness, or exposure to hazardous substances, and (C)
25 investigation of any alleged hazardous condition brought to the
26 attention of any committee member. When determined necessary
27 by the committee, the committee may conduct its own inspections
28 and investigations.

29 (2) Upon request from the division, verification of abatement
30 action taken by the employer as specified in division citations.

31 If an employer’s occupational safety and health committee
32 meets the criteria established by the board, it shall be presumed to
33 be in substantial compliance with paragraph (5) of subdivision (a).

34 (g) The division shall adopt regulations specifying the
35 procedures for selecting employee representatives for
36 employer-employee occupational health and safety committees
37 when these procedures are not specified in an applicable collective
38 bargaining agreement. No employee or employee organization
39 shall be held liable for any act or omission in connection with a
40 health and safety committee.



1 (h) The employer's injury prevention program, as required by
2 this section, shall cover all of the employer's employees and all
3 other workers who the employer controls or directs and directly
4 supervises on the job to the extent these workers are exposed to
5 worksite and job assignment specific hazards. Nothing in this
6 subdivision shall affect the obligations of a contractor or other
7 employer which controls or directs and directly supervises its own
8 employees on the job.

9 (i) Where a contractor supplies its employee to a state agency
10 employer on a temporary basis, the state agency employer may
11 assess a fee upon the contractor to reimburse the state agency for
12 the additional costs, if any, of including the contract employee
13 within the state agency's injury prevention program.

14 (j) (1) The division shall prepare a Model Injury and Illness
15 Prevention Program for Non-High-Hazard Employment, and shall
16 make copies of the model program prepared pursuant to this
17 subdivision available to employers, upon request, for posting in
18 the workplace. An employer who adopts and implements the
19 model program prepared by the division pursuant to this paragraph
20 in good faith shall not be assessed a civil penalty for the first
21 citation for a violation of this section issued after the employer's
22 adoption and implementation of the model program.

23 (2) For purposes of this subdivision, the division shall establish
24 a list of non-high-hazard industries in California, that may include
25 the industries that, pursuant to Section 14316 of Title 8 of the
26 California Code of Regulations, are not currently required to keep
27 records of occupational injuries and illnesses under Article 2
28 (commencing with Section 14301) of Subchapter 1 of Chapter 7
29 of Division 1 of Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations.
30 These industries, identified by their Standard Industrial
31 Classification Codes, as published by the United States Office of
32 Management and Budget in the Manual of Standard Industrial
33 Classification Codes, 1987 Edition, are apparel and accessory
34 stores (Code 56), eating and drinking places (Code 58),
35 miscellaneous retail (Code 59), finance, insurance, and real estate
36 (Codes 60–67), personal services (Code 72), business services
37 (Code 73), motion pictures (Code 78) except motion picture
38 production and allied services (Code 781), legal services (Code
39 81), educational services (Code 82), social services (Code 83),
40 museums, art galleries, and botanical and zoological gardens



1 (Code 84), membership organizations (Code 86), engineering,
2 accounting, research, management, and related services (Code
3 87), private households (Code 88), and miscellaneous services
4 (Code 89). To further identify industries that may be included on
5 the list, the division shall also consider data from a rating
6 organization, as defined in Section 11750.1 of the Insurance Code,
7 the Division of Labor Statistics and Research, including the logs
8 of occupational injuries and illnesses maintained by employers on
9 Form CAL/OSHA No. 200, or its equivalent, as required by
10 Section 14301 of Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations, and
11 all other appropriate information. The list shall be established by
12 June 30, 1994, and shall be reviewed, and as necessary revised,
13 biennially.

14 (3) The division shall prepare a Model Injury and Illness
15 Prevention Program for Employers in Industries with Intermittent
16 Employment, and shall determine which industries have
17 historically utilized seasonal or intermittent employees. An
18 employer in an industry determined by the division to have
19 historically utilized seasonal or intermittent employees shall be
20 deemed to have complied with the requirements of subdivision (a)
21 with respect to a written injury prevention program if the employer
22 adopts the model program prepared by the division pursuant to this
23 paragraph and complies with any instructions relating thereto.

24 (k) With respect to any county, city, city and county, or district,
25 or any public or quasi-public corporation or public agency therein,
26 including any public entity, other than a state agency, that is a
27 member of, or created by, a joint powers agreement, ~~the provisions~~
28 ~~of~~ subdivision (d) shall not apply.

29 *(l) Every workers' compensation insurer shall conduct a*
30 *review, including a written report as specified below, of the injury*
31 *and illness prevention program (IIPP) of each of its insureds*
32 *within four months of the commencement of the initial insurance*
33 *policy term. The review shall determine whether the insured has*
34 *implemented all of the required components of the IIPP, and*
35 *evaluate their effectiveness. The training component of the IIPP*
36 *shall be evaluated to determine whether training is provided to line*
37 *employees, supervisors, and upper level management, and*
38 *effectively imparts the information and skills each of these groups*
39 *needs to ensure that all of the insured's specific health and safety*
40 *issues are fully addressed by the insured. The reviewer shall*



1 *prepare a detailed written report specifying the findings of the*
2 *review and all recommended changes deemed necessary to make*
3 *the IIPP effective. The reviewer shall be an independent licensed*
4 *California professional engineer, certified safety professional, or*
5 *a certified industrial hygienist.*

6 *SEC. 48. The Commission on Health and Safety and Workers'*
7 *Compensation shall conduct a study of the spinal surgery second*
8 *opinion procedure established in subdivision (b) of Section 4062*
9 *of the Labor Code. The study shall be completed by June 30, 2006.*
10 *The commission shall issue a report concerning the findings of the*
11 *study and recommendations for further legislation.*

12 *SEC. 49. Section 9792.6 of Title 8 of the California Code of*
13 *Regulations is repealed effective January 1, 2004.*

14 *SEC. 50. Article 7 (commencing with Section 70) of Chapter*
15 *1 of Division 1 of the California Code of Regulations is repealed*
16 *effective January 1, 2004.*

17 *SEC. 51. On January 1, 2004, all assets and liabilities of the*
18 *Industrial Medical Council, the Industrial Medicine Fund, and*
19 *any unencumbered funds available pursuant to Schedule (4) of*
20 *Item 7350-001-0001 and Items 7350-015-0223 and*
21 *7350-001-0079 of the Budget Act of 2003 shall be transferred to*
22 *the Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund*
23 *established in Section 62.5 of the Labor Code.*

24 *SEC. 52. The regulations adopted by the Industrial Medical*
25 *Council contained in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1) of*
26 *Division 1 of Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations, except*
27 *for those regulations repealed in Section 50 of this act, shall*
28 *remain in effect and shall be deemed to be regulations adopted by*
29 *the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers'*
30 *Compensation. The terms of all qualified medical examiners*
31 *appointed by the Industrial Medical Council shall be unaffected*
32 *by the changes made by this act. All qualified medical examiners*
33 *appointed by the Industrial Medical Council shall be deemed to be*
34 *appointments made by the Administrative Director of the Division*
35 *of Workers' Compensation. Any pending disciplinary actions*
36 *against qualified medical examiners shall not be affected by the*
37 *changes made by this act.*

38 *SEC. 52.5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the*
39 *following:*



1 *(1) The State Compensation Insurance Fund is the workers'*
2 *compensation insurer of last resort insuring most of the small*
3 *employers in the state, and employers that cannot find insurance*
4 *elsewhere.*

5 *(2) Today, the State Compensation Insurance Fund covers over*
6 *50 percent of the market and its financial health is essential to the*
7 *economic well-being of the state.*

8 *(3) Employers in this state need reasonably priced workers'*
9 *compensation insurance.*

10 *(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Insurance*
11 *Commissioner review and analyze the financial condition,*
12 *underwriting practices, and rate structure of the State*
13 *Compensation Insurance Fund and report to the Legislature and*
14 *the Governor on the potential of reducing rates by July 1, 2004,*
15 *and every July 1 thereafter.*

16 *SEC. 53. The provisions of this act are severable. If any*
17 *provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that*
18 *invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can*
19 *be given effect without the invalid provision or application.*

20 *SEC. 54. This act shall become operative only if Assembly Bill*
21 *227 of the 2003–04 Regular Session is enacted and becomes*
22 *operative.*

23 *SEC. 55. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant*
24 *to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution*
25 *because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or*
26 *school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime*
27 *or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the*
28 *penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section*
29 *17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a*
30 *crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the*
31 *California Constitution.*

